Minimizing weed spread during fire suppression: Weed wash stations and wildfire





Joanna Clines, Sierra National Forest

North Fork Fire, Sierra NF – 2001 My first weed wash. Quite primitive!



YELLOW STARTHISTLE PLANT FOUND ON A DOZER ARRIVING AT NORTH FORK FIRE. (From a fire camp in the Mendocino NF placed in a field of YST and medusahead)

Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations

Department of the Interior
Bureau of Land Management
National Park Service
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Bureau of Indian Affairs

Department of Agriculture Forest Service

2023











"Red Book"

January 2023 NFES 2724



Fun (mostly historic) Fact: called the red book because it's printed on 8.5" high by 5.5"wide paper and spiral bound, with red covers

https://www.nifc.gov/sites/default/files/redbook-files/RedBookAll.pdf

CHAPTER 11

INCIDENT MANAGEMENT AND RESPONSE

24 Operational Guidelines for Invasive Species

- 25 Suppression and support vehicles, tools, and machinery should be cleaned at a
- 26 designated area prior to arriving and leaving the incident. Onsite fire equipment,
- 27 including the undercarriage, fender wells, tires, radiator, and exterior of the
- 28 vehicle, should be thoroughly cleaned. Firefighter personnel should clean items
- 29 such as personal equipment, boots, clothing of weed or other invasive species
- 30 materials, including visible plant parts, soil, and other materials as identified by
- 31 the READ. The cleaning area should also be clearly marked to identify the area
- 32 for post-fire control treatments, as needed.
- 33 Ensure that seed mixes and mulch used in suppression repair contain no
- 34 federally or State-designated noxious weeds by using seed mixes and mulches
- 35 that have been examined by a laboratory or have current weed-free certification
- 36 from a State seed laboratory or equivalent qualified testing agent.

CHAPTER 14

FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT

- Vehicle Cleaning/Invasive Species Prevention
- 2 Refer to chapter 11 for guidance on minimizing potential transmission of
- 3 invasive species.

Appendix G

Sample Delegations of Authority AA to IMT and Leader's Intent

Logistics

- Telecommunications contracts have been previously established with Verizon for phone and data plans to support IMT base camps. Specific information is included within the briefing package.
- The local unit has previously identified base camp and spike camp locations, please evaluate these areas before establishing new locations. Land use agreements for these sites are in place, coordinate with the incident business advisor for specific information.
- Maps of these areas will be provided within the briefing package.
 - Invasive and noxious weeds Vehicle and equipment washing is required on fires within XX area. Insert localized information. Refer to wildfire guidelines for resource protection on the local unit for additional information (provided with the briefing package). Please direct questions to the assigned resource advisor.

Red book on Resource Advisors (READs)

CHAPTER 11

INCIDENT MANAGEMENT AND RESPONSE

- 39 Resource Advisor Responsibilities
- 40 The READ is responsible for anticipating the impacts of fire operations on
- 41 natural and cultural resources and for communicating protection requirements
- 42 for those resources to the IC. The READ should ensure IMT compliance with

252 Release Date: January 2023

INCIDENT MANAGEMENT AND RESPONSE

CHAPTER 11

- the L/RMP and FMP. The READ should provide the IC with information,
- 2 analysis, and advice on these areas:
- Rehabilitation requirements and standards;
- Land ownership;
- Hazardous materials;
- Fuel breaks (locations and specifications);
- Water sources and ownership;
- 8 Critical watersheds:
- Critical wildlife habitat;
- Noxious weeds/aquatic invasive species;
- Special status species (threatened, endangered, proposed, sensitive);
- 12 Fisheries
- Poisonous plants, insects and snakes;
- Mineral resources (oil, gas, mining activities);
- Archeological site, historic trails, paleontological sites;
- Riparian areas;
- Military issues;
- Utility rights-of-way (power, communication sites);
- Native allotments;
- Grazing allotments;
- Recreational areas; and
- Special management areas (wilderness areas, wilderness study areas,
- 23 recommended wilderness, national monuments, national conservation areas,
- national historic landmarks, areas of critical environmental concern, research natural areas, wild and scenic rivers).
- 26 The READ and agency administrator representative positions are generally
- 27 filled by local unit personnel. These positions may be combined and performed
- 28 by one individual. Duties are stated in the Resource Advisor's Guide for
- 29 Wildland Fire (PMS 313).



Resource Advisor Guide

PMS 313 AUGUST 2017

https://www.nwcg.gov/sites/default/files/publications/pms313.pdf

Appendix K: Invasive Species Management

The Resource Advisor's objectives are to mitigate actions that they believe are likely to cause or promote the introduction or spread of invasive species. Actions should be practical and reasonable in the context of emergency management. Measures need to be timely and fit the purpose. They should be proactive and take advantages of opportunities. Actions need to be environmentally sound. Cost of actions should be weighed against benefits. Strategies should be open and participatory involving experts, stakeholders, and cross jurisdictional boundaries. Broad-based involvement gives greater credibility for the finished product. Some control actions may be "site-based" and focused on a location. Other actions may be "species-based" and focus on the control of an invasive species such as the transport of aquatic invasive species by fire engines or boats. Keep in mind that even the best prevention efforts cannot stop all introductions. However, control and management efforts may slow and/or reduce their impacts.

Weed Wash Contracts

Updated as of: 08/08/2023 06:27 AM UTC Page: 1

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PREVIOUS EDITION IS NOT USABLE

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The setup

D.2.1 -- CONTRACTOR PROVIDED EQUIPMENT.

- (a) Weed Wash Containment Station Equipment. Wash systems shall be high pressure with low volume and may be supplemented with low pressure with high volume. High pressure systems have water pressures designated above 1000 pounds per square inch (psi), while high volume systems deliver 10 gallons of water per minute or more.
- (b) Self-Contained with Recycling Water System.
- (c) Standard method of hire: Daily rate which includes fully operated equipment, delivery, pickup, servicing, and mileage to/from site.
- (d) The Government:
- (1) Will determine weed wash needs and area(s) of placement.
- (2) Will provide wash water to the wash site.
- (3) Will remove waste water.
- (4) Will remove solid waste or designate an appropriate disposal site.
- (5) May conduct inspections of washed equipment at the Governments discretion to ensure that the wash station meets agreement requirements. If the wash station does not meet the requirements of the government, it may be determined to be noncompliant and replaced with a different system in accordance with D.18 -- NONCOMPLIANCE AFTER ACCEPTANCE AT THE INCIDENT.

Would be improved by requirement for elevated/perforated tracks, e.g.,

Suggest adding to (b): Wash station shall include elevated tracks with slots or perforations that allow wash water and weed seeds to be deposited in a containment area below. The intent is to prevent contaminated mud and water from being driven through and seeds/propagative plant parts being picked up and transported by tires.

Sky Fire Weed Wash, North Fork, CA. Sierra NF 2015



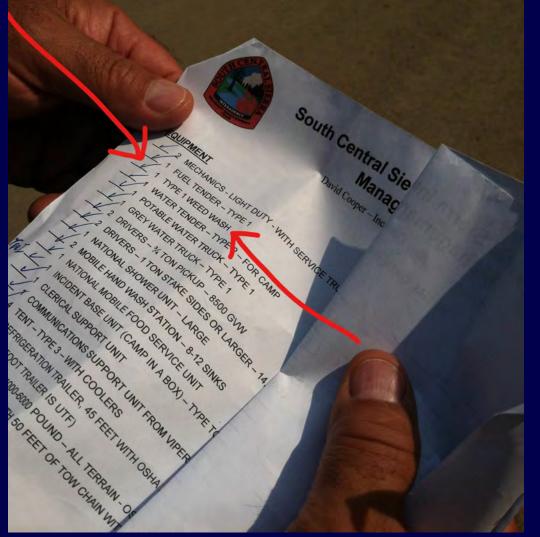
(b) Self-Contained with Recycling Water System





Sky Fire Weed Wash, North Fork, CA. Sierra NF 2015

French Fire Weed Wash, North Fork, CA Sierra NF 2014







Apple Fire Weed Wash San Bernardino NF, 2020

- Inadequate containment around wash area
- No containment berm
- Tires could pick up weed seeds in mud



Lightning Complex Weed Wash Station, Orleans, CA. Six-Rivers NF 2023



The primary goal of this wash station was to minimize the spread of the plant pathogen *Phytophthora lateralis* that affects Port Orford Cedar.

BAER report: "Even though the weed wash was equipped with bleach treated water the station itself was not properly setup to prevent spread of the pathogen. The weed wash did not have tracks in place to keep tires out of the water and debris in the containment basin as they drove through. The operators had to manually clean out the material, storing it next to the station for it to dry out before they disposed of it."



What must occur at the setup

- (e) The Contractor shall:
- (1) Thoroughly wash vehicles and equipment to remove soil, mud, caked dirt, plant parts, seeds, and vegetative parts. Vehicles and equipment include, but are not limited to fire engines, heavy equipment, logging equipment, transports, pickups, SUVs and sedans;
- (2) Ensure that contractor services include remove of, but are not limited to, soil, mud, caked dirt, plant parts, seeds, and vegetative parts off of the undercarriage, cross members, frame, skid plates, belly pans, wheels, treads, tracks, suspension, bumpers, wheel wells, radiator grills, and the ledges on the inside of rear and front bumpers;
- (3) Inspect hard to reach areas to ensure that they are clean;
- (4) Inspect and wash all soil and plant parts off of drafting hoses and drafting gear on engines and water tenders;
- (7) Capture, package and label solid waste in secure, easily transportable containment packages/devices. Solid waste shall be disposed of by the host agency unless an appropriate disposal site has been identified by the government. In that case, the contractor shall dispose of the solid waste at this designated site.
- (8) Maintain a daily record of all washed vehicles. The contractor shall use government forms, if required by the government.

Sky Fire Weed Wash, North Fork, CA. Sierra NF 2015

(e) The Contractor shall:

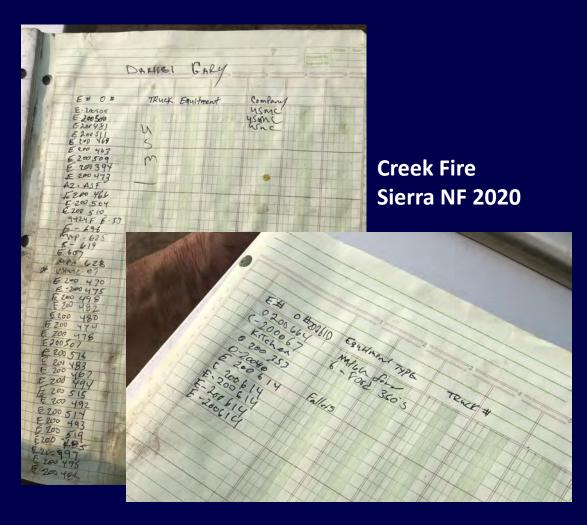
(1) Thoroughly wash vehicles and equipment to remove soil, mud, caked dirt, plant parts, seeds, and vegetative parts. Vehicles and equipment include, but are not limited to fire engines, heavy equipment, logging equipment, transports, pickups, SUVs and sedans*

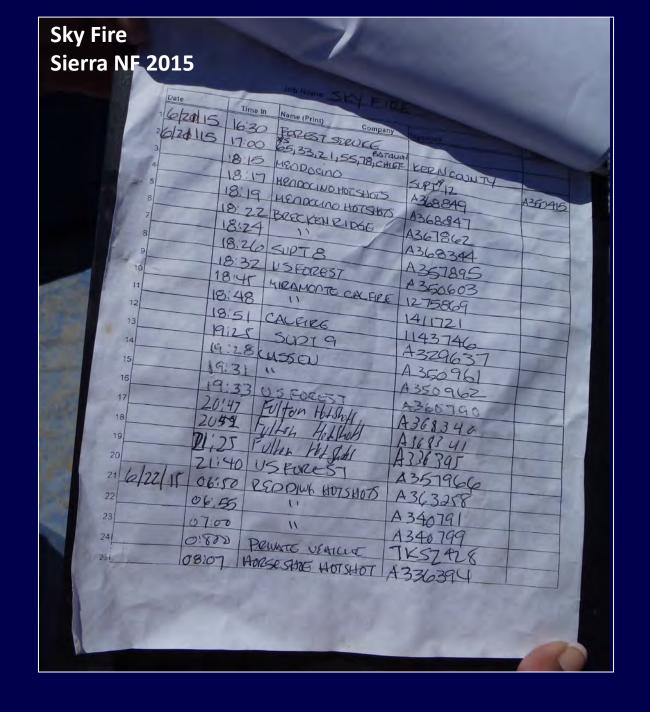




*To avoid unnecessary delays, it would be helpful to specify that vehicles not traveling off road and/or not going to high risk weed infested areas do not need to wash. Also, HOW DO YOU SPECIFY FREQUENCY OF WASHING? It can't be every time a vehicle comes and goes to ICP.

- (e) The Contractor shall:
- (8) Maintain a daily record of all washed vehicles. The contractor shall use government forms, if required by the government.







Invasive weed-infested fire camps (Incident Command Posts)

2021 Dixie Fire. Quincy, CA. Heavy equipment parked in a field of star thistle at ICP.





Invasive weed-infested fire camps (Incident Command Posts)



Ahwahnee Hills Regional Park, Madera County.

Used as ICP in 2017, 2018, 2020; expected to continue.

A serious mess of invasive weeds, including where the fire camp is placed each time.



Sierra NF and Yosemite NP will continue to be at risk.

In 2019, Yosemite weed spray crew sprayed the YST with aminopyralid.

There are many ICPs/fire camps like this throughout California (and beyond).

Solutions needed! Partnerships, grants, local cooperation....



In 2022, several Forest Service botanists were told by lead READs that to order a weed wash station, they needed a list of the weed species we were quarantining against.

In asking one lead READ about this recently, it was explained that this wasn't meant to refuse an overall weed wash for ICP, to justify a weed wash to prevent weed spread from one part of a fire to another, they wanted to know the species and more details to justify the cost. This may have been a misunderstanding that will dissipate and not take hold.

Some tips for better consistency in getting weed washes ordered in a timely manner:

1. Get weed prevention into the WFDDS (participate in pre-season planning and learn about WFDDS).



2. Work with Agency Administrator to include appropriate weed prevention in the Delegation of Authority letter from AA to IC. The better the Delegation of Authority is when a Type 1 or Type 2 team come in, the better it is for the Lead READ and the home unit. Make it a line item in the Delegation of Authority. If you can get it specifically spelled out in there that a weed wash station is a must have for all camps (or scaled to the appropriate size depending on spike camps vs. full on type 1 camps) then that will make the IC's aware of what they have to do. The team that comes in can be held to that agreement in the delegation of authority. Example of line item in Delegation of Authority letter: "The team will order the appropriate type of weed wash stations for ICP and any camps to minimize the spread of invasive plant species."
For home unit fires Type 3, 4, and 5), it's best is to get involved in the planning of where "fire camp" sites are designated.

The future is bright! Right?

Goals:

Work toward better consistency so that during fire season, if system works smoothly, incoming equipment is inspected and if clean it deploys to the fire, if not it goes through weed wash first. If all equipment is washed upon demob, it should arrive at the next incident clean.

Improve contract language so that weed wash stations must have elevated/perforated tracks to minimize tires carrying seeds from weed wash.

Ask CalFire to take more initiative to minimize weed spread – including similar direction to the federal agencies in their guidance.

Work with Agency Administrators, READs, Fire personnel, etc. so that what happens on the ground matches weed prevention direction in the Red Book, READ Guide, and agency directives.

