

# North Coast Invasive Knotweed

### Early Detection Rapid Response Eradication Project

Candace Reynolds, NRS Division of RCAA, Projects Coordinator and Susannah Ferson, NRS Division of RCAA, Director









## Objectives

- Annual monitoring of target species
- Annual treatment of target species including:
  - Knotweeds

    Himalayan (Persicaria wallichii)
    Japanese (Fallopia japonica)
    Giant (Fallopia sachalinensis)
  - Giant Reed (*Arundo donax*)
  - Shiny Geranium (Geranium lucidum)
- Public Outreach





### **Project Partners**

- ❖ Redwood Community Action Agency
- Humboldt County Department of Agriculture
- Mattole Restoration Council
- Caltrans
- California State Parks

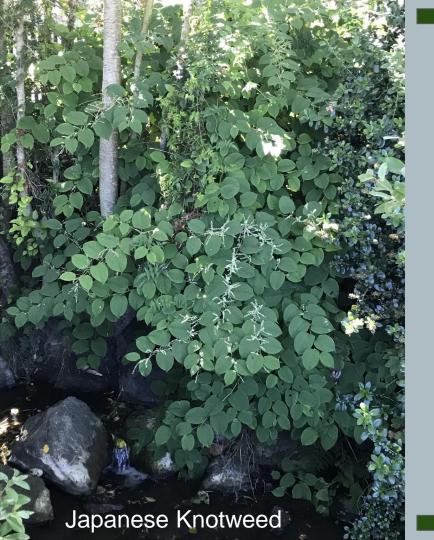












### Knotweeds

- Knotweeds clog small waterways and reduce quality of riparian vegetation, resulting in increased bank erosion, sedimentation of streams, and loss of habitat.
- Deep rhizomes, strong roots virtually impossible to control without herbicide
- In total 84 sites discovered totaling 5 acres throughout Humboldt and Del Norte County

Species	sites	acres
Himalayan knotweed	22	1
Giant knotweed	35	2
Japanese knotweed	27	2
Total =	84	5



### Himalayan Knotweed









#### **Treatments**

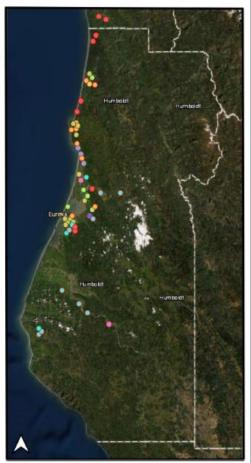
- Late summer/early fall treatments
- Methods: Chemical treatment/spraying
- Herbicide used: Habitat (Imazapyr)
- Community engagement: Detecting resprouts, continued treatment, and sharing info on social media



#### 2014-2021 Map of Target Invasive Plant Species Treatment Sites in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties, California

#### Legend

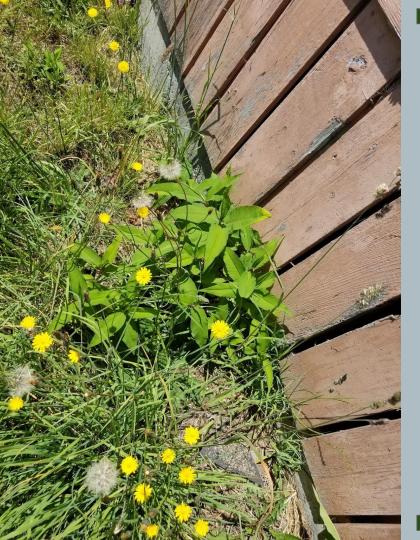
- Himalayan knotweed eradicated
   Himalayan knotweed not eradicated
- Giant knotweed eradicated
- Giant knotweed not eradicated
- Japanese knotweed eradicated
- Japanese knotweed not eradicated
- Giant reed eradicated
- O Giant reed not eradicated
- Shiny geranium not eradicated
- Bohemian knotweed not eradicated



#### Results

- Chemical treatments on emerging populations significantly effective
- ❖ To date, there has been an approximate 99% reduction in all of the knotweed species treated.





## Results 2015-2021

Table 2. Himalayan knotweed sites, 2015-2021

Table 4 Jananese knotweed sites 2015-2021

#### Himalayan knotweed

Size of treated After treatment Total sites Percent Treating Entity Treated sites identified sites (acres) (acres) Reduction RCAA & County 32 29 4.2 0.00065 99.9% 6 Caltrans 6 0.13 0.00005 100% State Parks 1 1 0.14 100% 39 36 4.47 0.0007 99.9% TOTAL

#### Giant knotweed

Table 3. Giant knotweeds sites, 2015-2021 Total sites Size of treated After treatmen Percent Treating Entity Treated sites Reduction identified sites (acres) (acres) RCAA 5 0.93 0.00016 99.9% Yurok Tribe ~30 TOTAL ~35 5 .93 99.9% 0.00016

#### Japanese knotweed

Table 4. Japanese knotweed sites, 2013–2021					
Treating Entity	Total sites identified	Treated sites	Size of treated sites (acres)	After treatment (acres)	Percent Reduction
RCAA	16	11	2.63	0.0042	99.8%
MRC	11	8	0.12	0.000432	99.2%
Yurok Tribe	~5	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	~32	19	2.75	.0046	99.8%

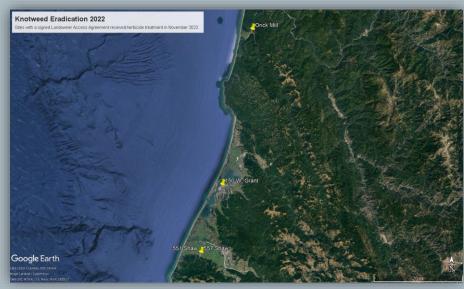








### 2022 Results



- Treatment sites from Orick to Ferndale
- Landowner access challenges



#### 2016 2022









#### 2023 Results

- Treated sites
- Monitor challenges with Cal Fire
- ❖ 2023 treatment in progress







#### **Future Work**

- Funding from Humboldt County Dept of Agriculture through 2025
- RCAA will continue to seek funding through other sources
- Landowner access

