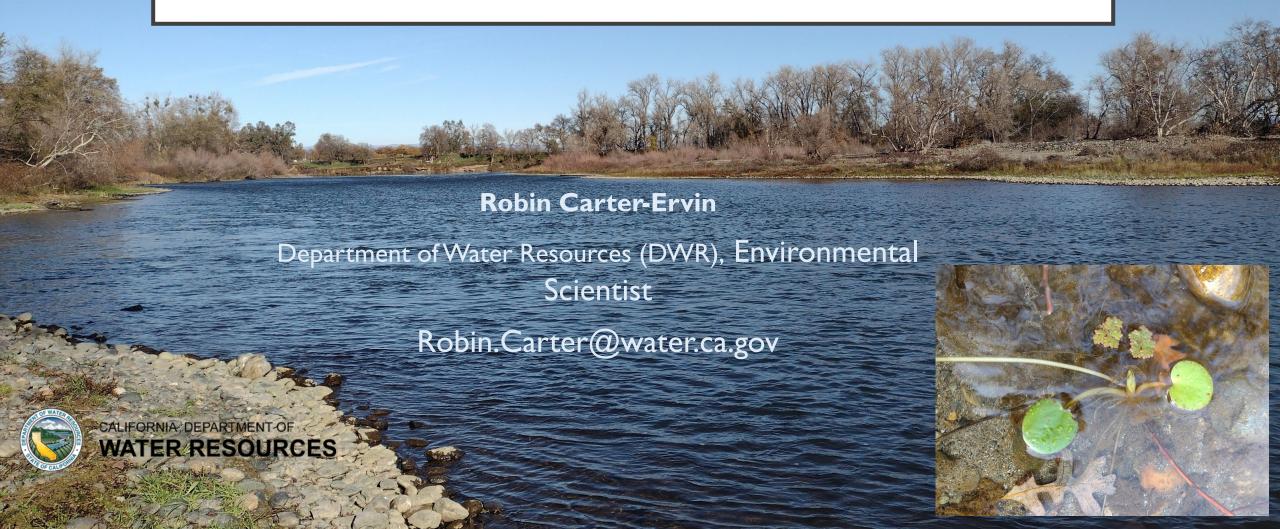
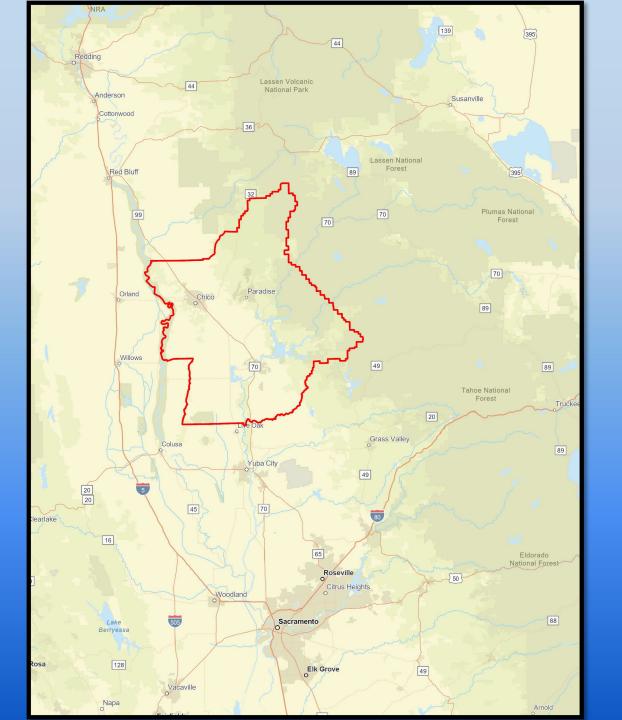
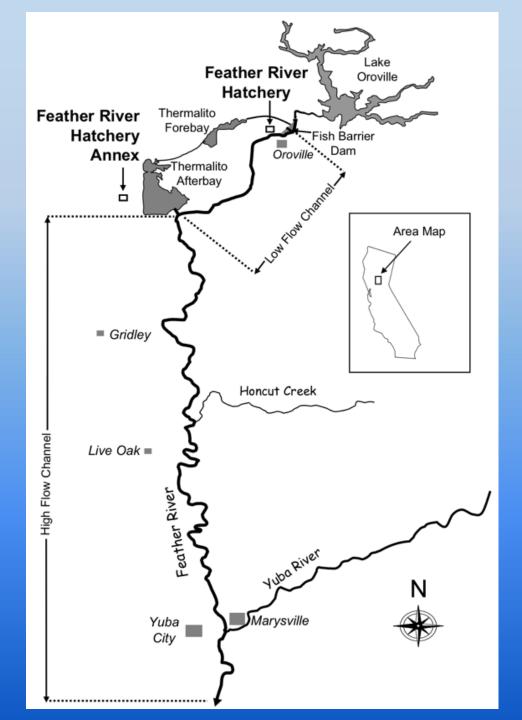
FEATHER RIVER SPONGEPLANT (LIMNOBIUM LAEVIGATUM)











Limnobium spongia

Synonyms: Limnobium laevigatum

Common names: South American spongeplant; West Indian spongeplant

Limnobium spongia (South American spongeplant) is a perennial aquatic plant (family Hydrocharitaceae) found on the San Joaquin river and the Sacramento-San Joaquin delta. The spongeplant can form thick mats across the water causing problems for boats, fish, and water infrastructure. Limbnobium spongia can spread rapidly through quick seed production and vegetative growth. The small, floating seeds easily disperse once produced.

Cal-IPC Rating: High ②

CDFA Rating: A* 2





South American Spongeplant

(Limnobium laevigatum)

Floating



Description

- Floating to rooted perennial
- Thick, spongy, floating ovate to spatula-shaped leaves; honeycomb-like spongy tissue on lower surfaces
- Juveniles develop into mature clumps up to 50 cm (~20 in) tall
- Small white flowers
- More mature plants can be confused with water hyacinth
- Native to Central and South America

Growth Period

Spring - late fall; flowers June -September

Habitat

Ponds, sloughs, channels, canals, streams, lakes

Control Methods Currently Used By DBW:

Herbicide, Mechanical Removal, Hand Removal



Total pest count or number per (sweep, leaf, acre,				Entomology:				
trap, root, stem etc)				Conditions Dead Alive Unknown				
Count:				Stages				
Nematology				Botany/Vertebrate: Acreage net: Acreage gross:				
Host Tag Common Name Scientific Name Type Nema Field Block								
i iost iag	Variety		Container Size			and Units	Nema Field Block	
	Remarks							
Identifications								
Lab Botany		Scientist Genevieve Walden		Rating W	g Common Name south american spongeplant		ngeplant	
Date Order 11/29/2021 Hydrocharitales			Family Hydrocharitaceae					
Genus Limnobium				Species laevigatum				
Sub-Species				Higher Category				
(not deeply c	geplant <mark>ordate</mark> on purp	t (<mark>laevigatum</mark>). samp). noxious weed rate oses for the W rating	d A, 3 CCR	4500. noxious	weed see	ed rated P (pro	slightly cordate at base hibited), 3 CCR 3854 (this <mark>r</mark> (work by P.Woods,	

CDFA is a great resource and available for identification purposes. Materials can be submitted directly to the lab, through the CCH2 portal, or from your local County Agricultural Commissioners. People can always email Genevieve Walden (Genevieve.Walden@cdfa.ca.gov) with questions. Specimens are very helpful for our diagnostic collections.

Mailing address and information:

Botany Lab and Herbarium [CDA]

Plant Pest Diagnostic Center

California Department of Food and Agriculture

3294 Meadowview Road

Sacramento California 95832

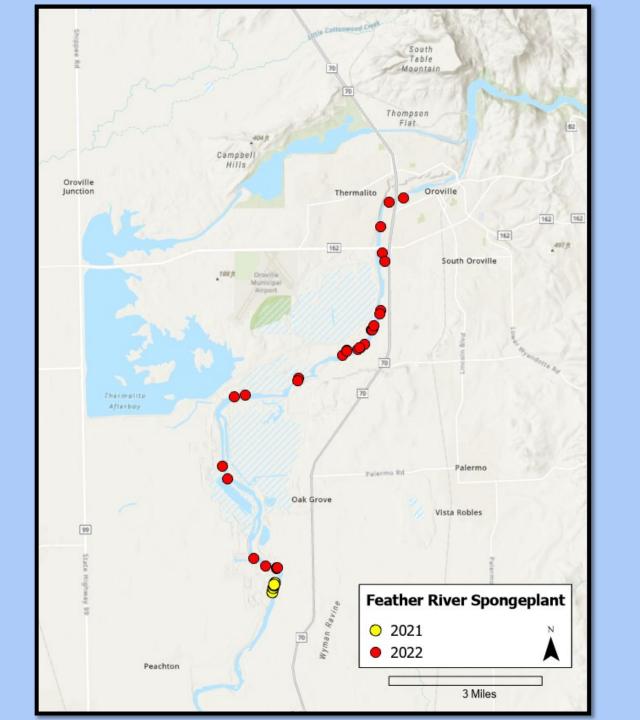
https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/ppd/

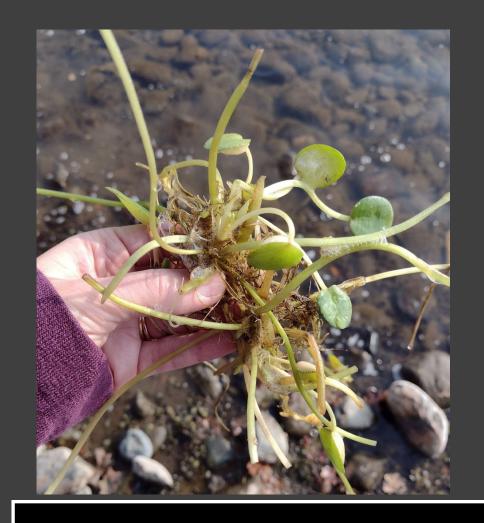
CCH2 portal for CDA herbarium

https://www.cch2.org/portal/collections/misc/collprofiles.php?collid=50











2021 VS. 2022



