San Diego County Weed Management Area

Lead: County of San Diego,
Department of Agriculture Weights & Measures (AWM)

Coordinator: UC Co-operative Extension, Chris McDonald

Jason Giessow, Dendra Inc: jgiessow@cox.net

Mark Martinez, County of San Diego AWM: Mark.Martinez@sdcounty.ca.gov

Chris McDonald, UC Cooperative Extension cjmcdonald@ucanr.edu

San Diego WMA

- Annual Summer Symposium
- Quarterly steering committee meetings (20 attendees)
- WEB site: SDWMA.org
- County AWM is lead on large regional EDRR Program
- CDFA WMA Grants:
 Spotted knapweed and barbed goatgrass
 Volutaria (desert knapweed)
 Ward's weed

Annual Summer Symposium, ave 100-120 attendees, 15 years

All Day: eight talks, networking, lunch

Typical topics:

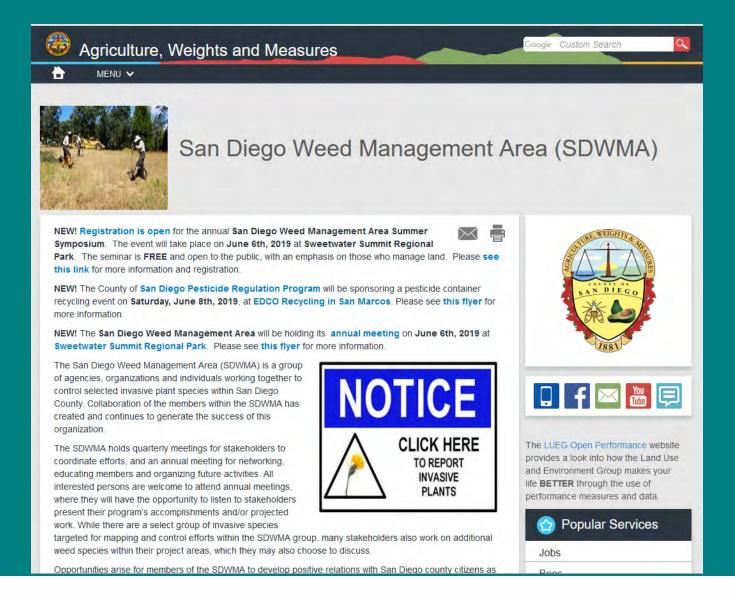
Invasives work updates, how to report (County Ag, iNaturalist, CalFlora), how to ID, bio control, chemical control, funding opportunities, open discussion





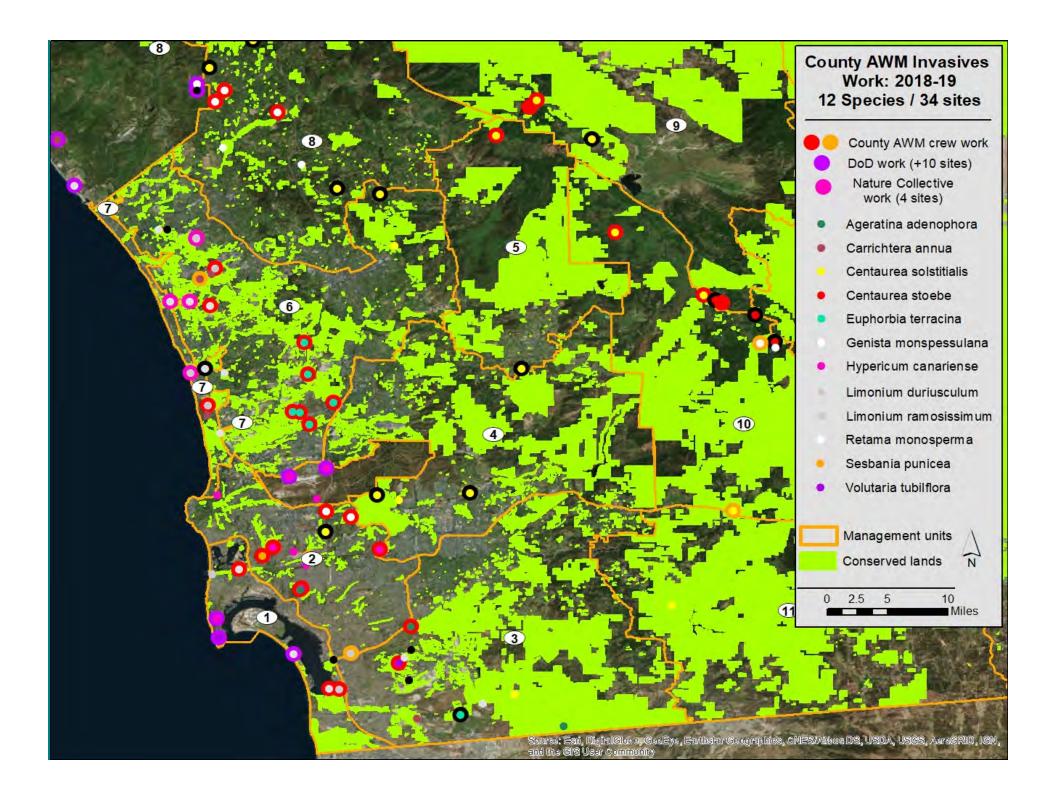
WEB Site:

Meeting registration, presentations, invasives ID sheets, Invasive Plant Reporting Form



County AWM EDRR Program

- Regional EDRR Program
- County AWM has a history of working on 3 of the species
- Now 12 species worked on with regional NCCP funding support (SANDAG, Transnet funding)
- Based on a plan with impact, mapping data and feasibility of control assessed

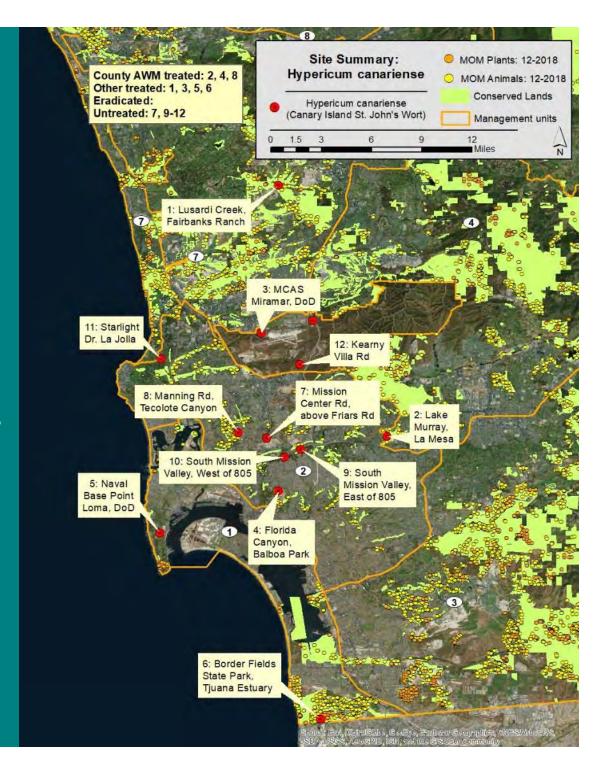


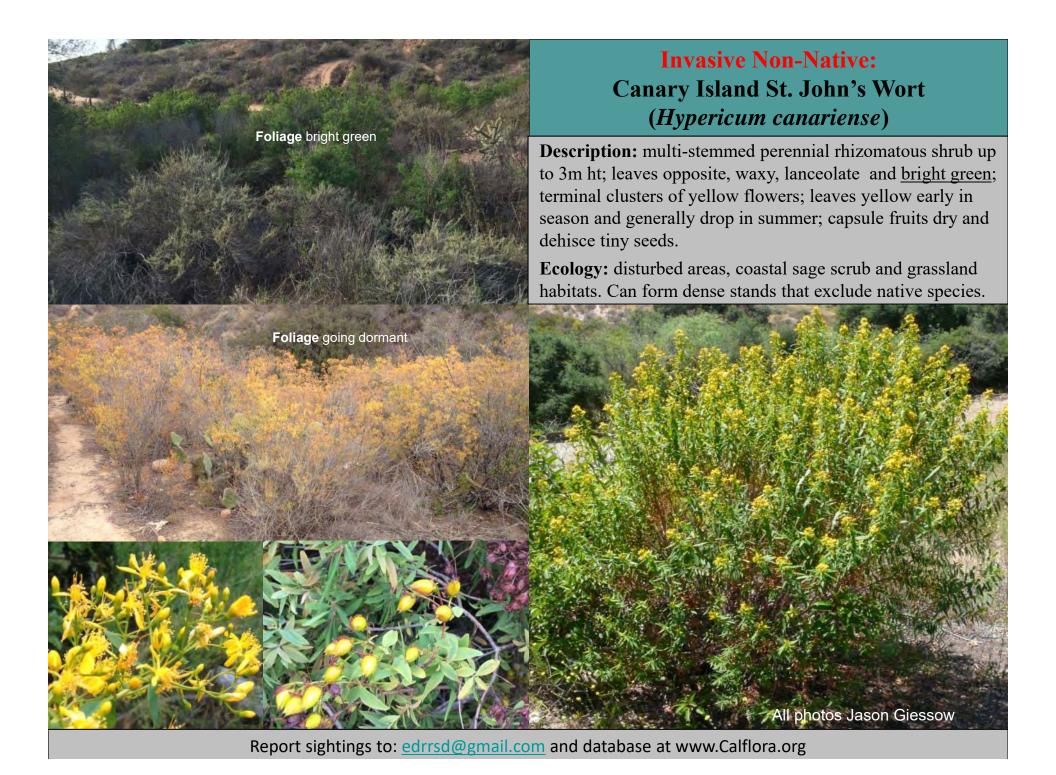
Hypericum canariense: Canary Island St John's Wort

12 sites: 3 under treatment, 4 tracked 5 sites left to start on

- control at sites appears good to fair, many seedlings this year, slow forward progress

Eradication seems feasible, but two sites very steep.



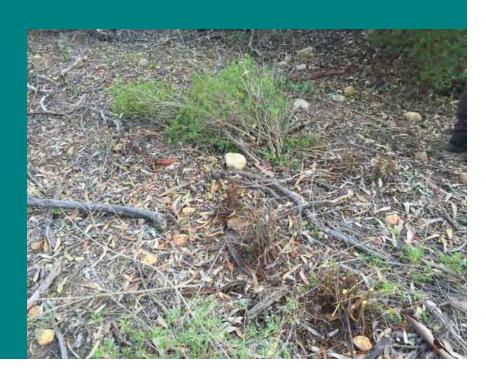


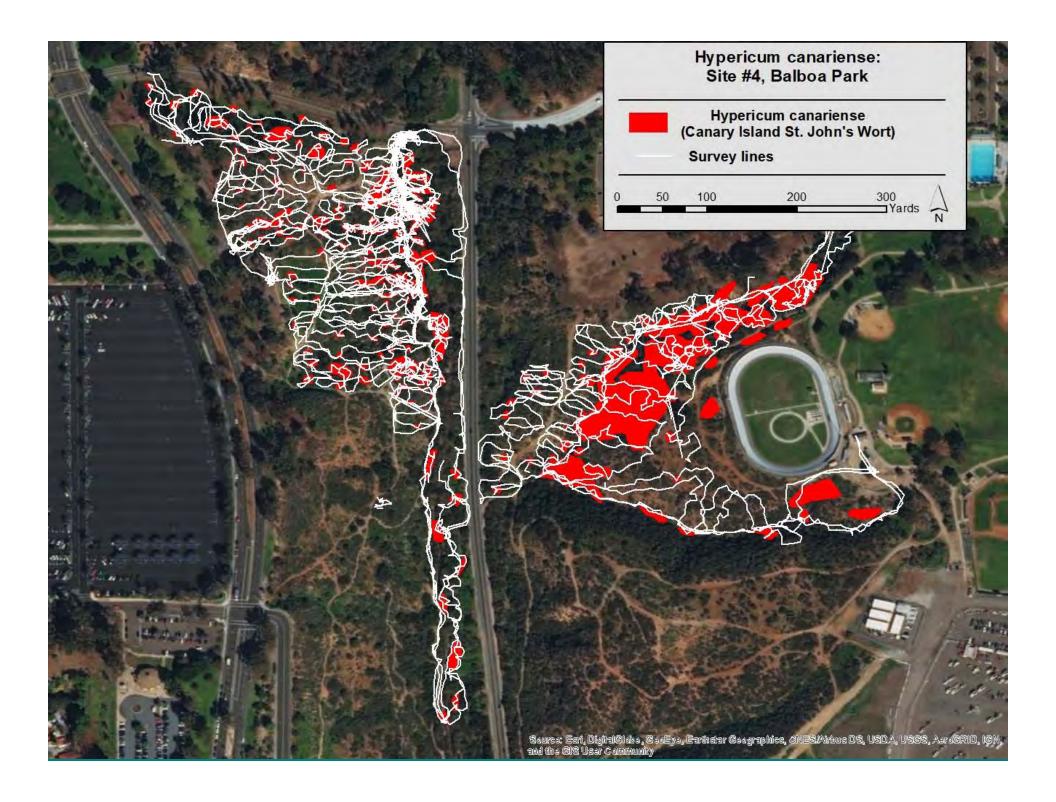




Balboa Park







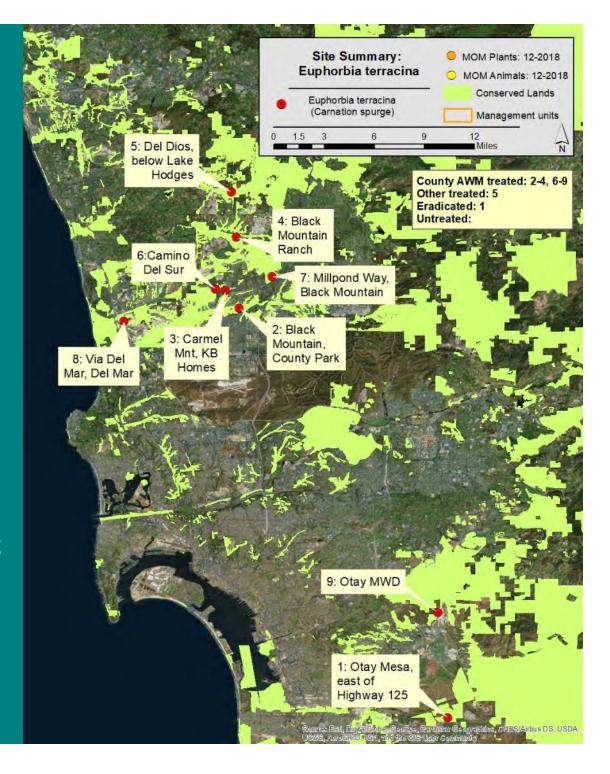
Euphorbia terracina: Carnation spurge

9 sites (with several sub-sites):
7 under treatment,
1 tracked, 1 eradicated

2 iNaturalist reports (8,9)

Additional sites are being found in Black Mountain area- but seems restricted enough to work on. Difficult seedbank.....

Eradication still achievable.





Invasive Non-Native:

Carnation spurge (Euphorbia terracina)

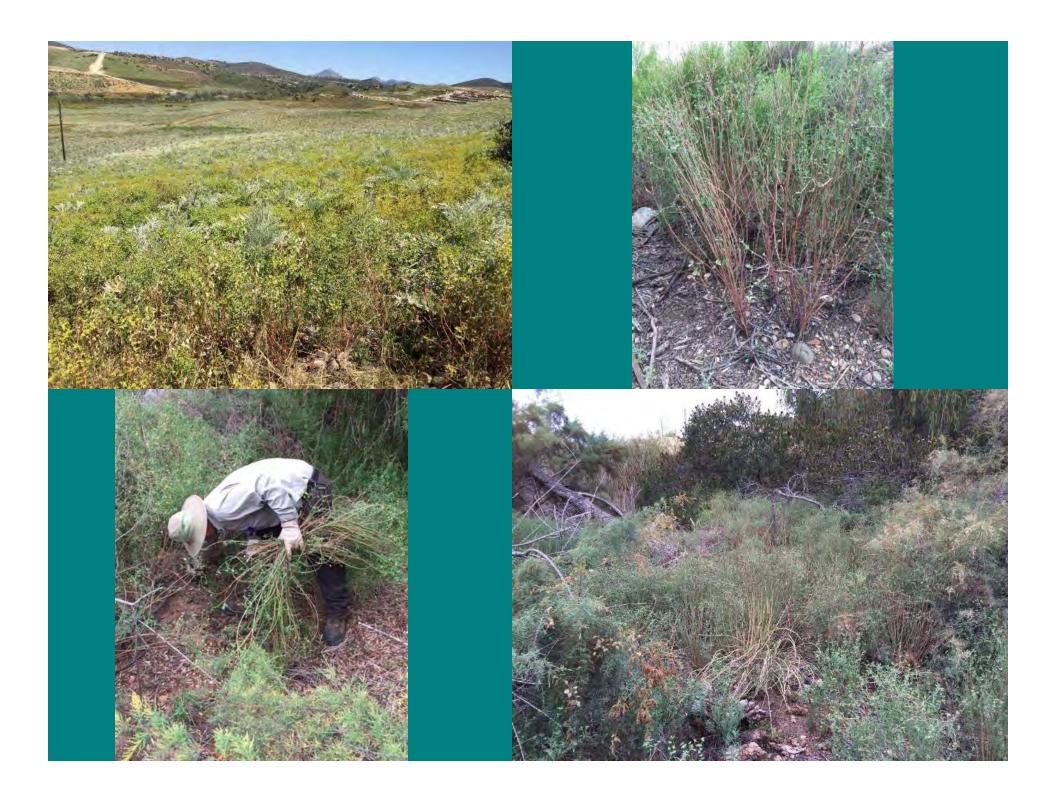
Description: annual or short lived perennial; upright stems several to numerous from base, up to 120cm ht, often reddish; sessile leaves 2.5-6cm, linear to narrowly lanceolate blades, leaf tip acute; at top of stem broader and yellowish green; inflorescence open, inconspicuous greenish or yellowish flowers at tips with ovary forming deeply lobed 3 sided capsule (3-5 mm long and 4-5 mm wide); milky sap (eye and skin irritant)

Ecology: disturbed areas, coastal sage scrub, grasslands, chaparral edges, salt marsh, riparian, oak woodlands; shade or sun; massive germination after fire; toxic sap

Similar to (see back): Other weedy spurge species



Report sightings to: edrrsd@gmail.com and database at www.Calflora.org



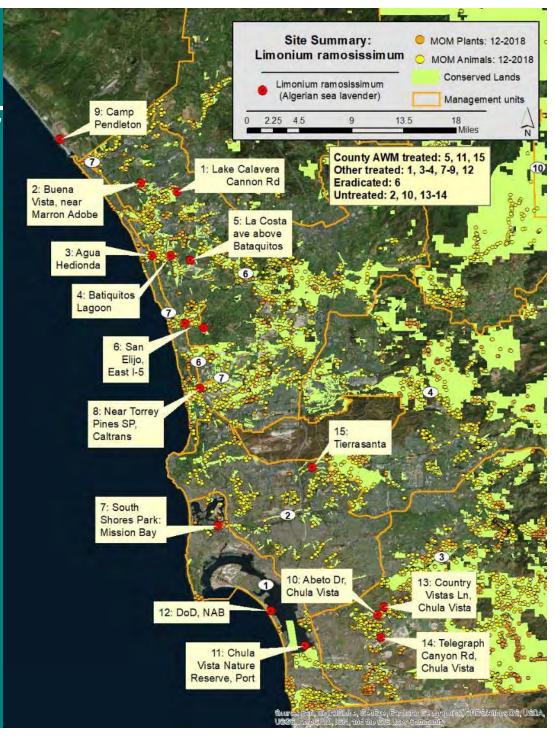


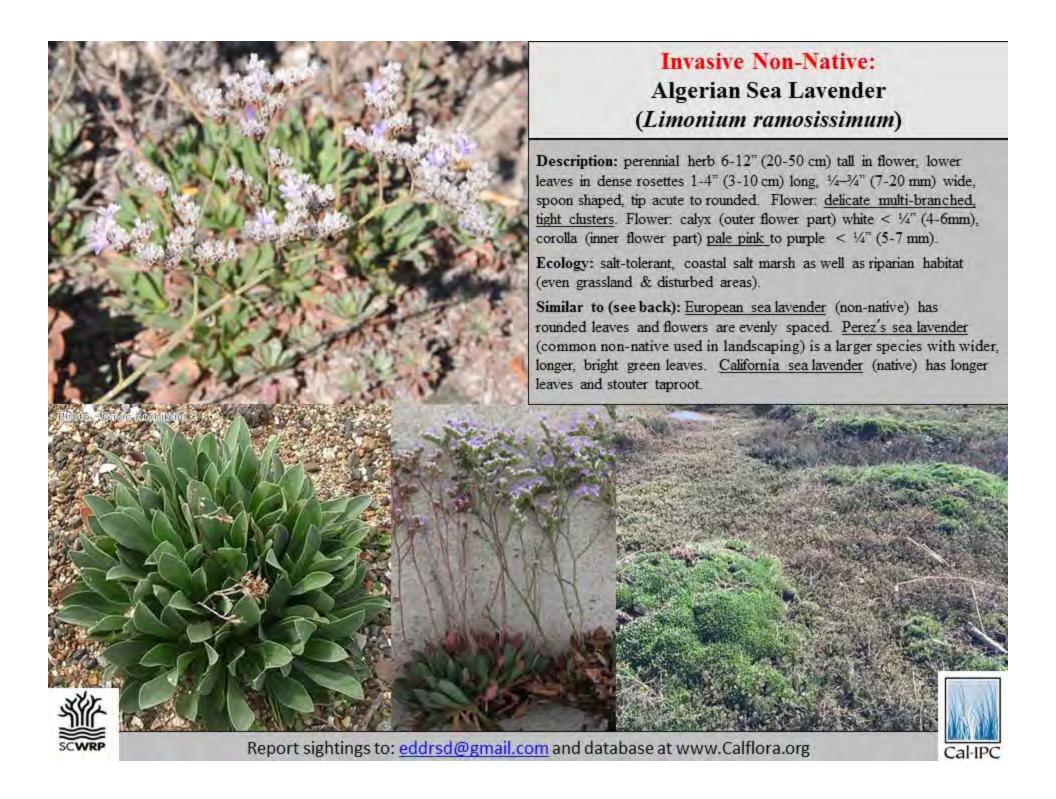
Limonium ramosissimum: Algerian sea lavender

15 sites:
3 under treatment, 7 tracked
1 eradicated,
4 untreated

Control feasible, but upland sources likely (sources found on four watersheds).

Eradication may not be realistic on all watersheds







CDFA WMA Grants: AB2470

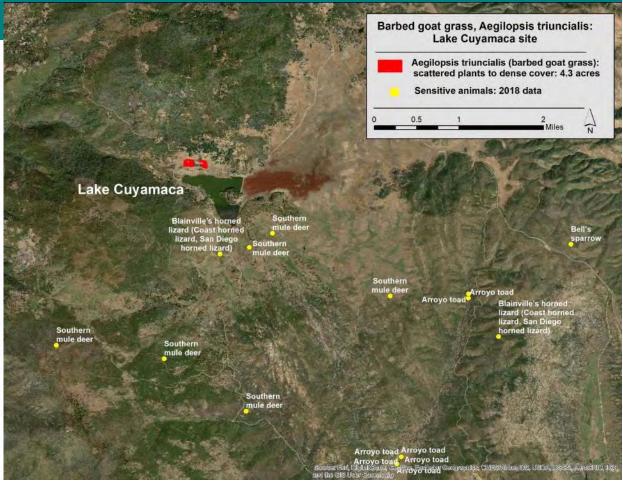
San Diego County was awarded 3 grants

- 1) Spotted knapweed and barbed goatgrass
- 2) Volutaria (desert knapweed)
- 3) Ward's weed

Barbed goatgrass

Site	Size of population	Treated in:	Treated by:	Funding status
Fallbrook NWS, DoD	2.0 ac	Started in 2011, eradicated. Monitoring is ongoing	DoD	Funded: DoD
Lake Cuyamaca	4.2 ac	Untreated	-	CDFA WMA Grant







Invasive Non-Native:

Barbed goat grass (Aegilops triuncialis)

Description: annual grass, 17-45cm ht, leaf blade 1.5-7cm, 2-3mm wide; infloresence 2-5.5c, spike like; fertile spikelet 2-3 awned, dital spikelet 3-awned or 1-awned with 2 lateral teeth.

Ecology: rangelands, grasslands, and oak woodlands. Cattle/rangelands are areas of greatest risk for introduction/invasion.

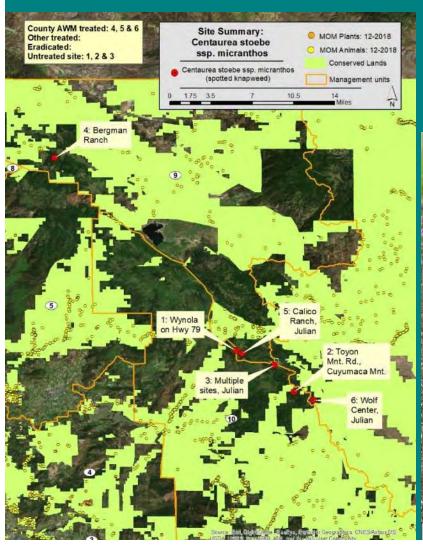
Similar to (see back): <u>Three-awned goat grass Aegilops</u> <u>neglecta</u> (non-native)



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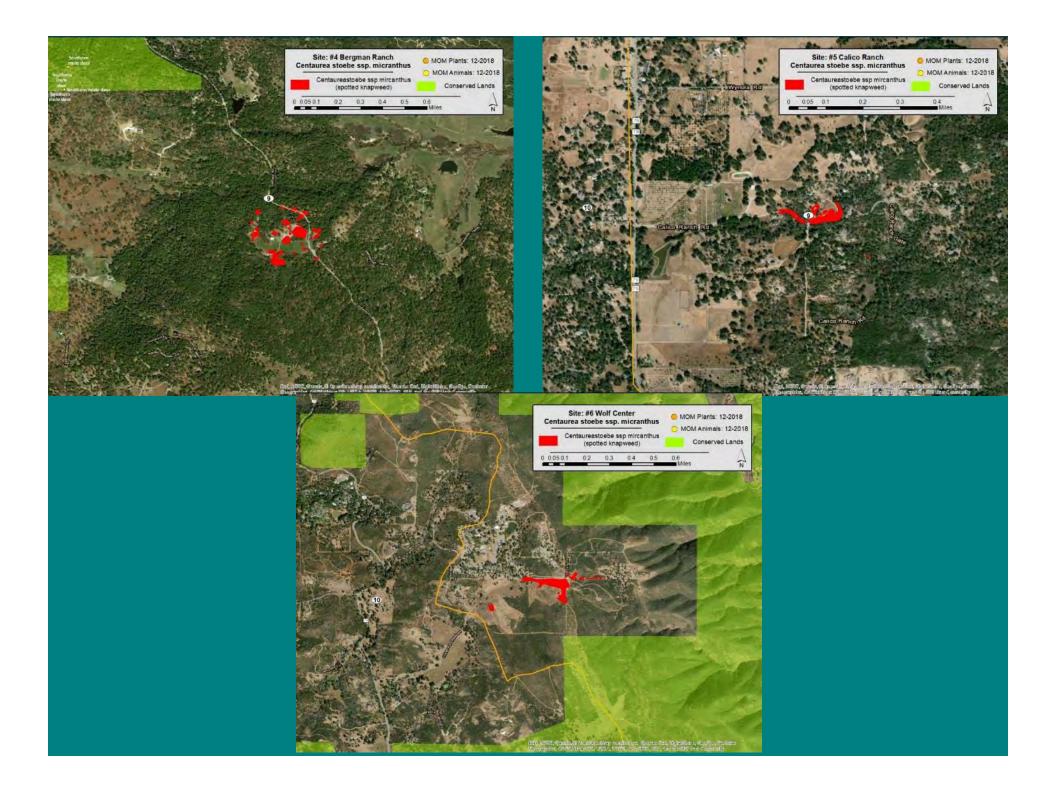
Spotted knapweed

Site	Size of population	Treated in:	Treated by:	Funding status
Bergman Ranch	4.2 acres	2014-2019	County AWM	CDFA WMA Grant
Calico Ranch	0.7 acres	2018-2019	County AWM	CDFA WMA Grant
Wolf Center	3.0 acres	2015-2019	County AWM	CDFA WMA Grant



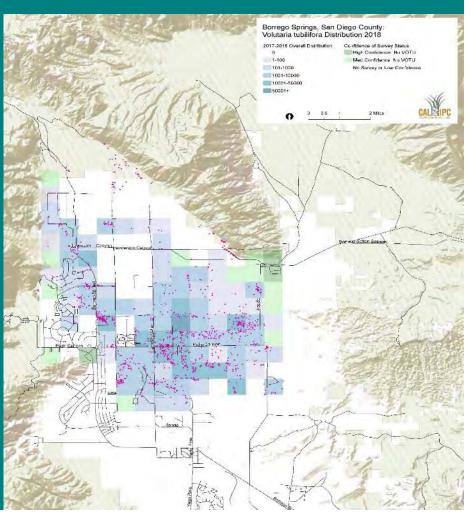






All known North America sites of Volutaria tubuliflora (Desrt knapweed) County of Orange site: Not part of project Borrego Springs site: Part of project Chula Vista site: Part of project Eradicated DoD site Site: #1 Rice Canyon, Chula Vista Volutaria tubuliflora Volutaria tubuliflora (desert knapweed)

Desert knapweed





Ward's weed

Treated in

DoD

Diego

2012-

2012-

ongoing

ongoing

Untreated

Spring 2019

Spring 2019

Size of

population

2.0 ac

9.2 ac

113 ac

0.4 ac

0.4 ac

Site

DoD

La Costa

Greens

Bressi

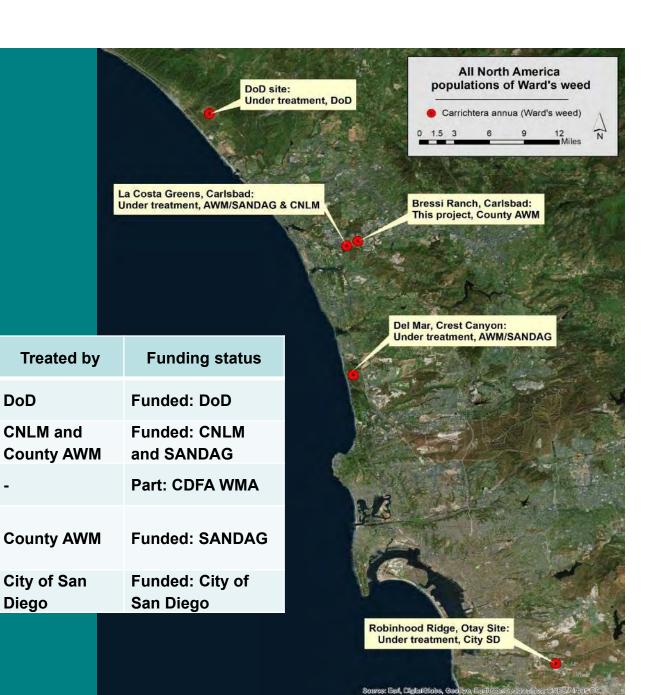
Ranch Crest

Mar

Canyon, Del

Robinhood

Ridge, Otay





Invasive Species Alert

Common name: Ward's weed

Scientific name: Carrichtera annua (L.) DC.

Origin:

 Mediterranean region and Western Asia (native), invasive in Australia

Identifying Factors:

- -Small bristly-haired plant, 5-40 cm
- -Leaves: < 10 cm and deeply divided into multiple narrow lobes
- -Flowers: pale yellow, 4 petals, 8-9 mm with purple veins
- Fruit: 6-8 mm in drooping position, topped with spoon-shaped petals









Dispersal:

Above Photos: Bob & Fiona Richardson

- -Seeds dispersed via foraging animals and ants over short distances
- -Long distance dispersal on vehicles, clothing, large animals, and agriculture

Impacts:

-Replaces perennial native species in some environments

Looks Like:

-Some resemblance to western tansymustard

Management:

-If spotted please notify Sara Allen: smallen@sandiego.gov & Victor Nava: Vnava@sandiego.gov to schedule treatment ASAP.

References:

https://keyserver.lucidcentral.org/weeds/data/media/Html/carrichtera_annua.htm https://www.calflora.org



