

BAY AREA OPEN SPACE COUNCIL



The Bay Area Conservation Lands Network: A Unified Vision for Regional Biodiversity Conservation: Think Big, Connect More

Stuart B. Weiss, Ph.D. Cal-IPC Symposium October 2012



The Bay Area Open Space Council is a collaborative of sixty member organizations actively involved in permanently protecting and stewarding important parks, trails and agricultural lands in the ten-county San Francisco Bay Area.















The San Francisco Bay Area Uplands Habitat Goals Project

www.bayarealands.org





- How many <u>acres</u> of what <u>types</u> of habitats and in what <u>configuration</u> to conserve biodiversity in the nine county Bay Area?
- Voluntary implementation.







Final Products

- Conservation Lands Network
- Explorer
- Full Report
- GIS Database
- Website
- Analytical Framework
- Biennial Updates





- 20 of the fastest growing counties also have the largest number of imperiled species
- <u>8</u> are in the Bay Area





Number of imperiled species





Funding provided by:

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The Conservation Lands Network Steering Committee









Partner Outreach Plan

- Engage key audiences for input during goal-setting process.
- Key audiences:
 - public resource and regulatory agencies
 - conservation nonprofits
 - landowners
 - environmental consultants
 - academics
 - funders

Public Outreach and Implementation Plan

• post-planning



Study Area = 4.3 million acres

Land Use Categories

Protected ~ 1.2 million acres

Urban ~ 800k acres

Cultivated Agriculture ~ 370k acres

Rural Residential 10 ~ 150k acres

Remaining ~ 2 million acres





- Derived from several sources and Vegetation Focus Team expert opinion
- 61 cover types, 52 natural / semi-natural types
- 30 m grid
- Compromise between high resolution classification and even coverage across Bay Area





- 29 Landscape Units (+5 Urban Areas & Bay and Baylands)
- Physiographic features: valleys and mountains
- Capture diversity and biogeography of vegetation
- Provide geographically coherent units



Vegetation Map Enhancements

Primary Vegetation Enhancements:

Serpentine
 Geology Overlay



Vegetation Map Enhancements

Primary Vegetation Enhancements:

 Annual Grassland type over 1 million acres!



Vegetation Map Enhancements

Primary Vegetation Enhancements:

- Climatic Grassland Stratification — July Max Temp – cool, moderate, warm and hot
- From PRISM, Oregon State University





The Conservation Lands Network – Coarse Filter





556 Coarse Filter Conservation Targets

Vegetation Types x Landscape Unit

Blue Oak Woodland







556 Vegetation Type (Coarse Filter) Conservation Targets

Rarity Rank and Conservation Goals

- Rank 1 Globally Rare, Locally "Highly" Significant 90% goal
- Rank 2 Locally Rare (5% or less of LU) 75% goal
- Rank 3 Common or "matrix" (>5% of LU) 50% goal
- Rank 4 Urban, Cultivated Agriculture, Rural Residential, Nonnative (golf courses, etc.) – 0% goal





MARXAN - Site Selection Software to meet goals

Creates Conservation Lands Network based on inputs:

- 1. Existing Protected Areas
- 2. Conservation Goals for Vegetation Type Targets Rank 1, 2, 3 (90%, 75%, 50%)
- 3. Conservation Suitability ecological integrity
- 4. Planning Units 100 Hectare Hexagons ~247 acres





Coarse Filter Conservation Lands Network = <u>Starting Point</u> for discussion with focus teams.





Designing Conservation Lands Network – MARXAN



Intensive Ag & Urban Land Uses

> Marxan-Selected Conservation Lands



Conservation Lands Network minus Ag & Urban



Refine Conservation Lands Network with Fine Filter Targets:

- Plants Old Growth Redwoods, Vernal Pools, CNDDB T, E, and rare species
- Mammals American Badger, Porcupine, CNDDB T&E species
- Birds Spotted Owl, Breeding Bird Atlases, CNDDB, Important Bird Areas
- Fish and Riparian ALL STREAMS Steelhead and Coho
- Amphibians, Reptiles & Invertebrates Western Pond Turtle, California Red-legged Frog, Bay Checkerspot Butterfly



CLRF CTS WPT Pleasanton/SEBH CNDDB



The Conservation Lands Network – Riparian/Fish Focus Team



All streams are targets and part of the Conservation Lands Network. Some are more immediately important than others: anadramous fish diverse native fishes

Goal: Restore riparian ecological processes & functions for healthy assemblages of native fish.



Watershed Integrity

Cluster Analysis - similarly impacted watersheds

Map integrity issues and help inform Management Recommendations

- 8 Clusters of Relevance:
- **Near Wilderness**
- Wildland
- Forestry
- Rural

Suburban

Urban

Hillside Agriculture

Valley Agriculture



Cluster	# of PWS	Acres	% Urban	% Ag	Pop Density	% THP	Erosion	Distance from roads
Near Wilderness	48	338,264	L	L	L	L	Н	Н
Wildlands	48	311,368	L	L	L	L	H	М
Forestry	31	170,334	L	L	M	Н	H	М
Rural	211	1,267,389	L	L	M	L	М	м
Suburban	62	552,628	М	L	Н	L	L	М
Urban Plains	42	686,233	Н	L	H	L	L	L
Hillside Agriculture	51	467,452	L	Н	М	L	М	М
Valley Agriculture/Urban	22	728,369	М	Н	H	L	L	L

L = low, M = medium, H = high





- Areas Essential for Conservation
 Goals (dark blue) selected 16 -20
 times.
- Areas Important for Conservation
 Goals (medium blue) selected 11 to
 15 times.
- Fragmented Areas (light purple).
- Areas for Further Consideration (light blue).



- Stewardship the institutional framework and process for managing lands
- Management the actual on the ground actions (fire, grazing, mechanical, manual, species movement, etc.)
- Adaptive management feedback on effectiveness of actions through appropriate monitoring







Conservation Target Viability Factors

- 1. Climate change*
- 2. Atmospheric nitrogen deposition*
- 3. Fire*
- 4. Ecological succession*
- 5. Floods and drought*
- 6. Landslides and erosion*
- 7. Invasive plants******
- 8. Non-native animals
- 9. Pathogens and disease*

Management Recommendations





Viability Summaries – Invasive Plants

- 1. Strategic level mapping and prioritization
- 2. Tactical level how to kill the weeds
- 3. Operational level deployment of the right people and right tools, at the right place and right time
- 4. Institutional infrastructure Cal-IPC, BAEDN, WMAs, etc.
- 5. Property boundaries are major confounding factor
- 6. Long-term funding, timing
- 7. CEQA and ESA mitigation for Ndeposition







Viability Summaries – Nitrogen Deposition

CMAQ 4 km Total Nitrogen Deposition 2002 kg-N/ha/year Serpentine (1:250,000 Statewide) outlined in black Tonnesen, G., Z. Wang, M. Omary, and C. J. Chien. 2007. Assessment of Nitrogen Deposition; Modeling and Habitat Assessment, California Energy Commission, PIER Energy-Related Environmental Research, CEC-500-2005-032, 0 5 10 20 30 .40 50 km hadronadautant Stuart B. Weiss, Ph.D. June 2007





Keystone Species: Ranchers



Climate – PRISM Maximum Temp + Precipitation 800m



Climate – Mesoclimate X Landscape Unit







- Network is dynamic.
- Ground truthing is essential.
- Goals set for targets throughout range to support resilience.





www.BayAreaLands.org

Conservation Lands Network Explorer

Comprehensive GIS Database







Comprehensive GIS Database

- > 100 GIS Datasets
- Complete Metadata
- Symbology
- Comprehensive Data



The Conservation Lands Network Explorer

About / Process / Report / Maps & Data / Explorer / Take Action



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AY AREA

THE CONSERVATION LANDS NETWORK Biodiversity Portfolio Report

BAYAREA OPEN SPACE. COUNCIL COUNCIL Click on blue titles for more information about that category.

Landscape Unit:

Tri-Valley

Defined Area Size:

20,962 Acres, 8,483 Hectares

Conservation Lands Network Category:

Areas Important to the Conservation Goals: 3,455 acres Areas Essential to the Conservation Goals: 9,722 acres Fragmented Area: 581 Acres of the CLN is Fragmented Areas for Further Consideration: more info Tassajara Hills

Converted Lands:

Cultivated acres: 277 Rural residential acres: 705 Urban acres: 150

Conservation Suitability:

216 (Highly Suitable for Conservation) more info

Protected Land Within Selected Area:

120 acres

Nitrogen Deposition:

6.55 Kg/H/Yr (High)

Climate Index Averages:

January Min Temp - 2-4 deg. C July Max Temp - 29-31 deg. C Annual Precipitation - 374-818 mm/year Cloud Cover - 22% of days Jul to Sept 2000-2008, cover at 10:30am Elevation (derived from a 10m DEM): Range = 128 - 419 meters % Slope (derived from a 10m DEM): Range = 0 - 74 % Mean = 17 %

Note - The scale of the map generated in this report is tied to the scale of your map in the Conservation Lands Network Explorer when you draw the custom area with the pencil tool.



This report was created on April 29, 2011 using the Conservation Lands Network Explorer. Copyright 2011 Bay Area Open Space Council. http://www.openspacecouncil.org/

THE CONSERVATION LANDS NETWORK Biodiversity Portfolio Report

BAYAREA OPEN SPACE COUNCIL This is the Biodiversity Pontfolio Report for the area that you defined. The following information is intended to give you a better understanding of the biodiversity values of the specified area and how it contributes to the regional biodiversity goals. Click on blue titles for more information about that category.

			SELECTED A	REA	LANDSCAPE UNIT	
VEGETATION TYPE CONSERVATION TARGET	RARITY	TOTAL	PROTECTED	ACREAGE TOWARD LANDSCAPE UNIT GOAL	LANDSCAPE UNIT GOAL	ACREAGE TO MEET GOALS
Montane Hardwoods - Mt. Diablo Range	1	32	0	32	159	116
Central Coast Riparian Forests - Mt. Diablo Range 1		19	0	19	251	147
Warm Grasslands - Mt. Diablo Range 3		15,414	0	15,414	43,114	19,387
Warm Grasslands - Tri-Valley	3	1,462	76	1,386	2,782	2,283
Hot Grasslands - Tri-Valley 3		256	0	256	341	303
Blue Oak Forest / Woodland - Mt. Diablo Range	3	17	0	17	11,994	-
Cultivated - Tri-Valley	4	1,863	37	1,826	0	
Cultivated - Mt. Diablo Range	4	763	0	763	0	-
Rural Residential - Mt. Diablo Range	4	442	0	442	0	5
Urban - Mt. Diablo Range	4	422	0	422	0	2
Rural Residential - Tri-Valley	4	148	0	148	0	
Urban - Tri-Valley	4	110	4	106	0	2
Water - Mt. Diablo Range	4	7	0	7	0	

Children (m. grine)			SELECTED AF	LANDSCAPE UNIT		
CONSERVATION TARGET - POINTS	RARITY RANK	TOTAL AMOUNT	PROTECTED	AMOUNT TOWARD LANDSCAPE UNIT GOAL	LANDSCAPE UNIT GOAL	AMOUNT TO MEET GOALS
San Joaquin spearscale - Mt. Diablo Range (Atriplex joaquiniana)	1	3	0	3	14	14
Congdon's tarplant - Mt. Diablo Range (Centromadia partyi ssp. congdonii)	1	1	0	1	2	2
brittlescale - Tri-Valley (Atriplex depressa)	1	1	0	1	2	2
heartscale - Mt. Diablo Range (Atriplex cordulata)	2	2	0	2	2	2
Pond - Mt. Diablo Range	3	53	0	53	361	165
Pond - Tri-Valley	3	2	0	2	33	28
		62	0	62		

		SELECTED AREA			LANDSCAPE UNIT	
CONSERVATION TARGET - AREAS	RARITY	TOTAL ACREAGE	PROTECTED	ACREAGE TOWARD LANDSCAPE UNIT GOAL	LANDSCAPE UNIT GOAL	ACREAGE TO MEET GOALS
Vernal Pools - Tri-Valley	1	535	0	535	1278	1231
Congdon's tarplant - Mt. Diablo Range (Centromadia parryi ssp. congdonii)	1	366	0	366	483	464
Congdon's tarplant - Tri-Valley (Centromadia parryi ssp. congdonii)	18	199	0	199	330	328

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Making the vision a reality...

- 1. Use the Conservation Lands Network as a guide.
- 2. Create incentives for landowners.
- 3. Support sound stewardship and adaptive management.
- 4. Protect streams and restore ecological functions.
- 5. Integrate into public policy.
- 6. Continue current funding programs and create new funding sources and partnerships.





Next Steps: Development Risk

- Evaluate risk of development.
- Map lands protected by policy.
- Greenbelt Risk Mapper





- Connectivity for wildlife in the San Francisco Bay Area and beyond
- To be integrated into the Conservation Lands Network





Next Steps: Climate Change Terrestrial Climate Change Collaborative (TBC3)



Scientists working collaboratively to incorporate climate change modeling into land conservation efforts in the Bay Area.





The Conservation Lands Network: Publications

A Bold Plan to Protect the Bay Area's Last Wild Places and Working Lands



The Conservation Lands Network

Big Plans for Wild Lands



GLOW THE NATE VALLEY TOWN OF St. Helma, Spring Mountain Road describes a usep and surmous rouse up the easoen slope of the Mayacamas Range. It's notwise to takey our cycle off the road, yeryou can't help but admire the scenery. Off suryour left is Spring Creek going, hear it friends with redwood and Douglas fir. Asyou dimb into the higher elevations, pockervineyral's appear, sucked among the conifers and groves of madrunes.

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A Bold Plan to Protect the Bay Area's Last Wild Places and Working Lands



The Conservation Lands Network



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