

IPM Building Blocks to Control Invasive Shot Hole Borers - Fusarium Dieback



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Prioritizing Management of Introduced Invasive Pests



Fusarium Dieback: A Pest-Disease Complex



Euwallacea sp.

Polyphagous
Shot Hole
Borer

PSHB



Fusarium euwallaceae

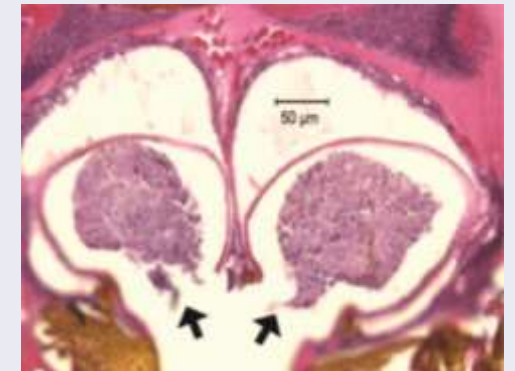


Kuroshio
Shot Hole
Borer

KSHB



Fusarium kuroshium



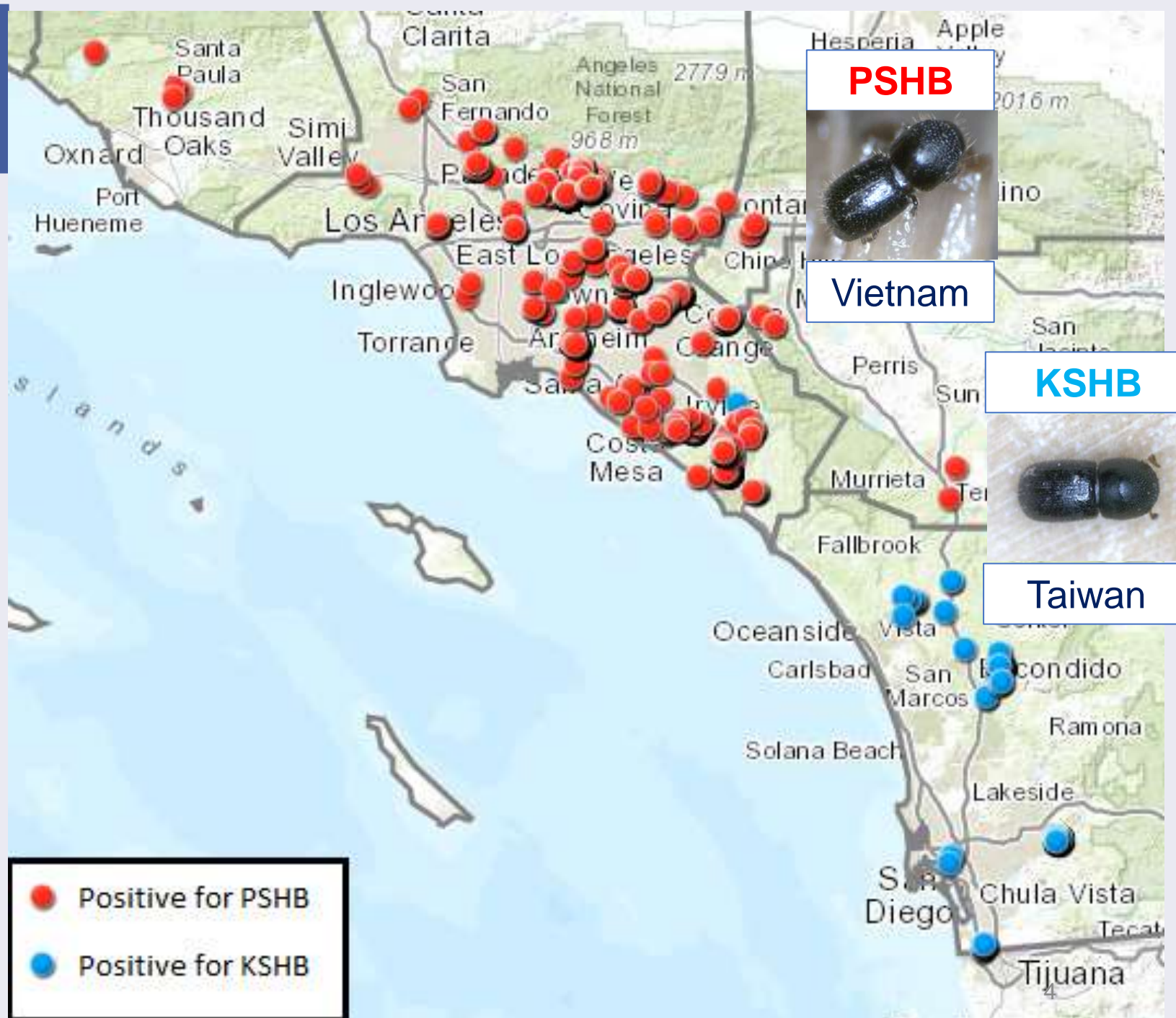
Mycangia

Figure: Matthew Kasson

Distribution

SHB

- PSHB: LA County 2012
- KSHB: SD County 2013



Fusarium Dieback: Disease Progress

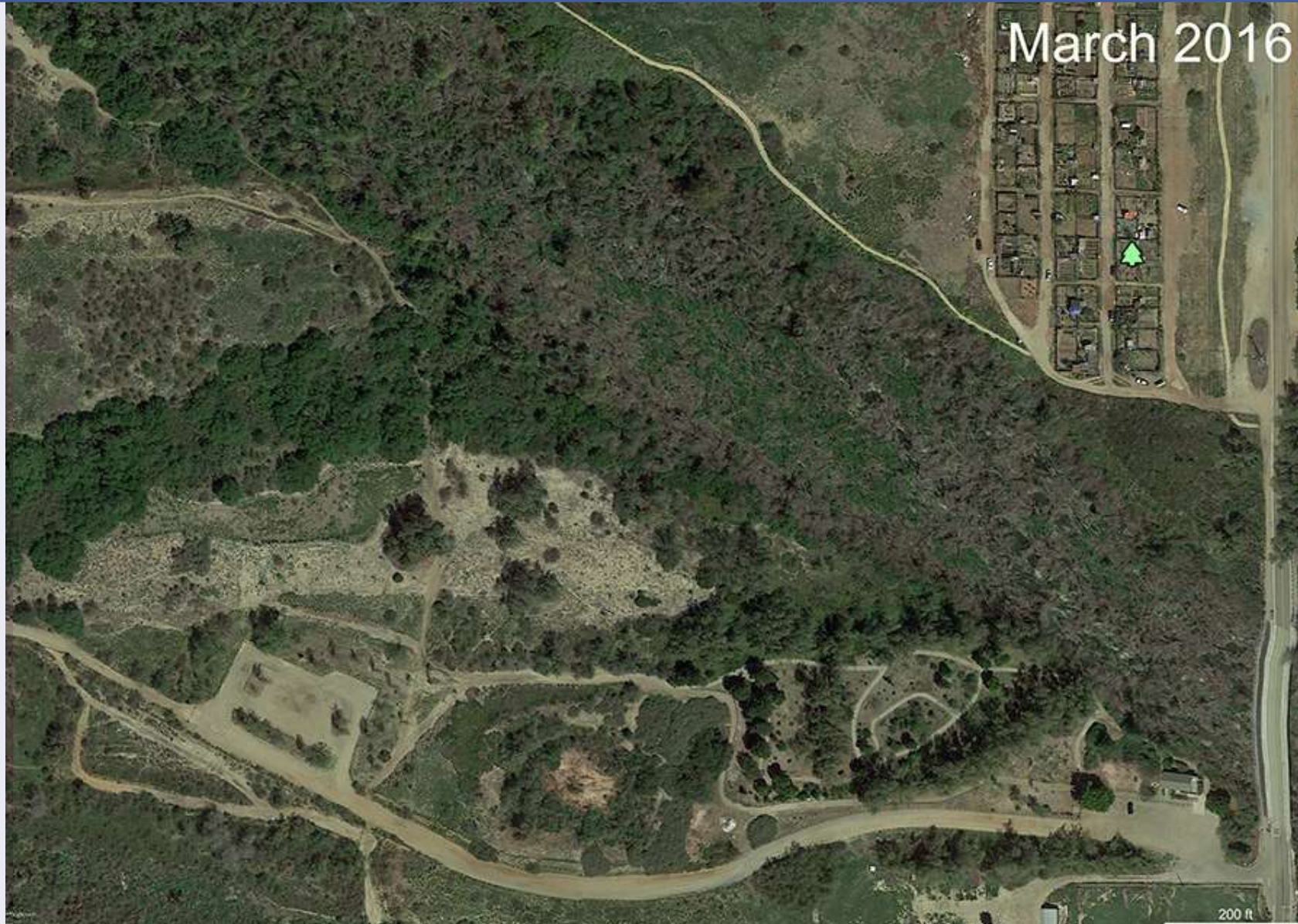


Attack Progress on Fremont Cottonwood



Late Summer 2014

Fusarium Dieback Impacts in Tijuana River Valley



Willow Mortality: March 2016



**Fusarium Dieback
Impacts in Tijuana River Valley**

Castor Bean Encroachment: Dec 2016



Implications for Endangered Wildlife Species



Least Bell's vireo

www.allaboutbirds.org



Arroyo toad

www.californiaherps.com



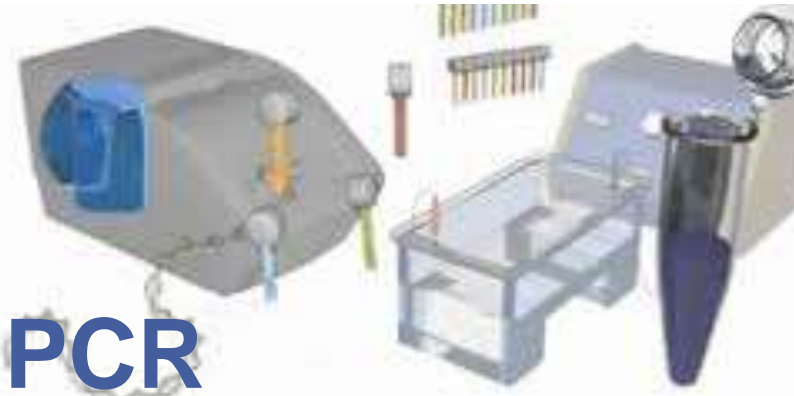
Southwestern willow flycatcher

www.nrcs.usda.gov

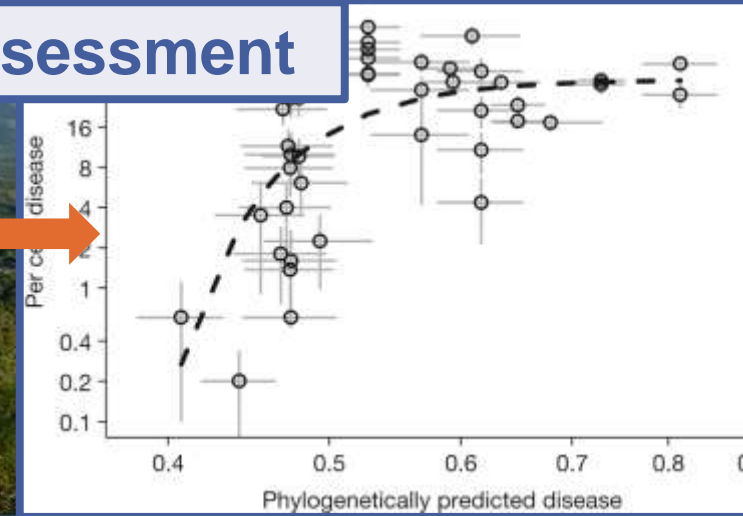
Integrative Pest Management Strategy



Early Detection Tools



Risk Assessment



Treatments



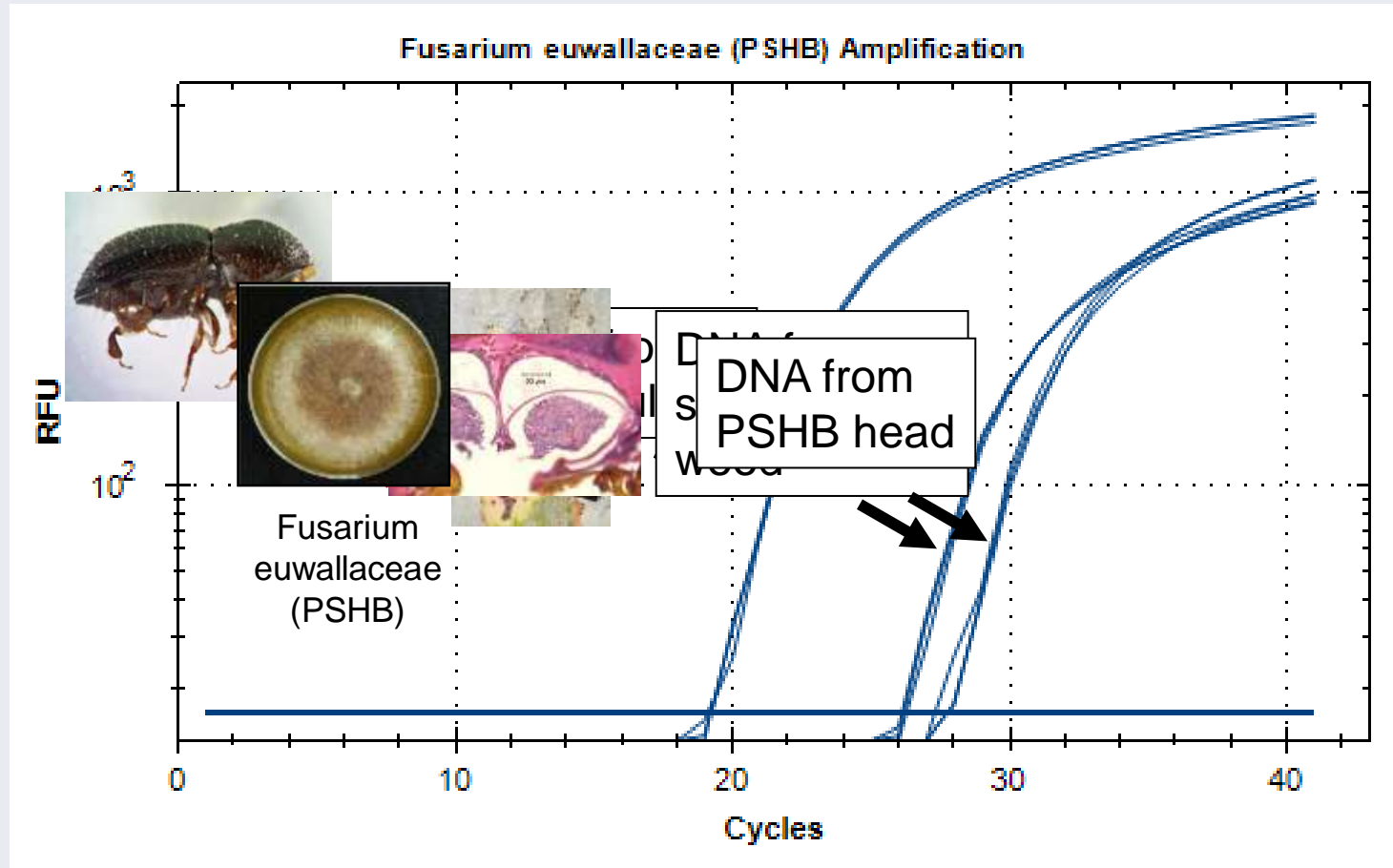
Training



Evaluation



Early Detection Tools



Controls:

- Asymptomatic Wood (-)
- Fusarium solani (-)
- NTC (-)

Credit: Joseph Carillo Ph.D. Candidate UCR

Early Detection Tools



Lindgren
Funnel Trap



Elm leaf beetle
panel trap

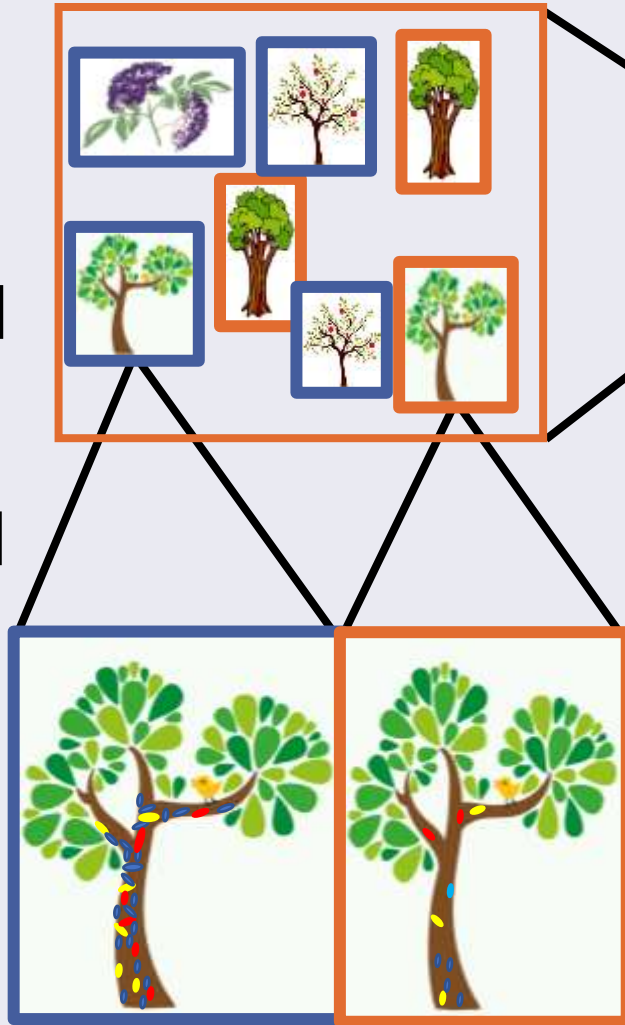


Lure: Querciverol

Predicting Risk: Overview



Infested
Non-Infested

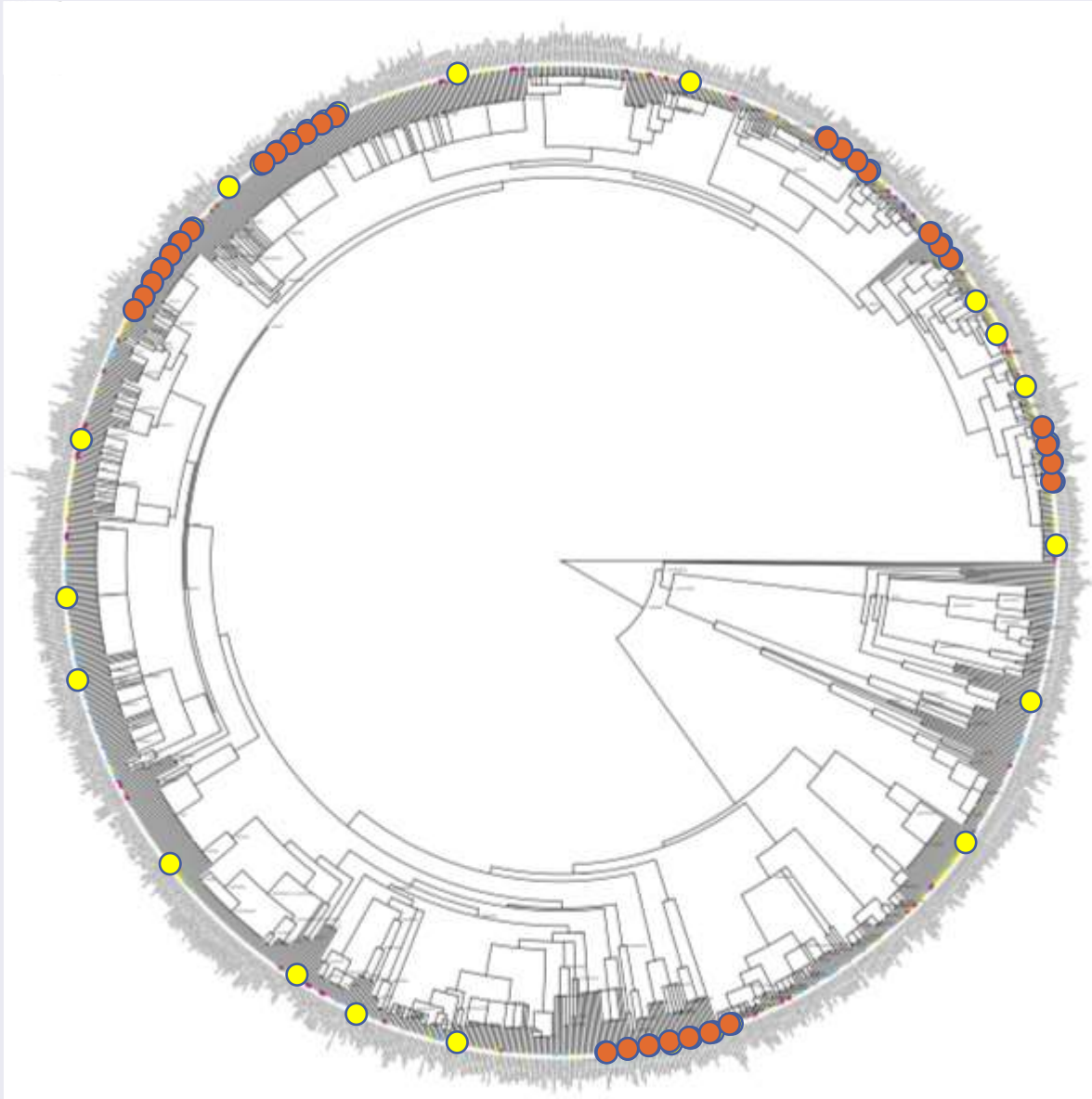


Fusarium dieback – shot hole borer Host Range

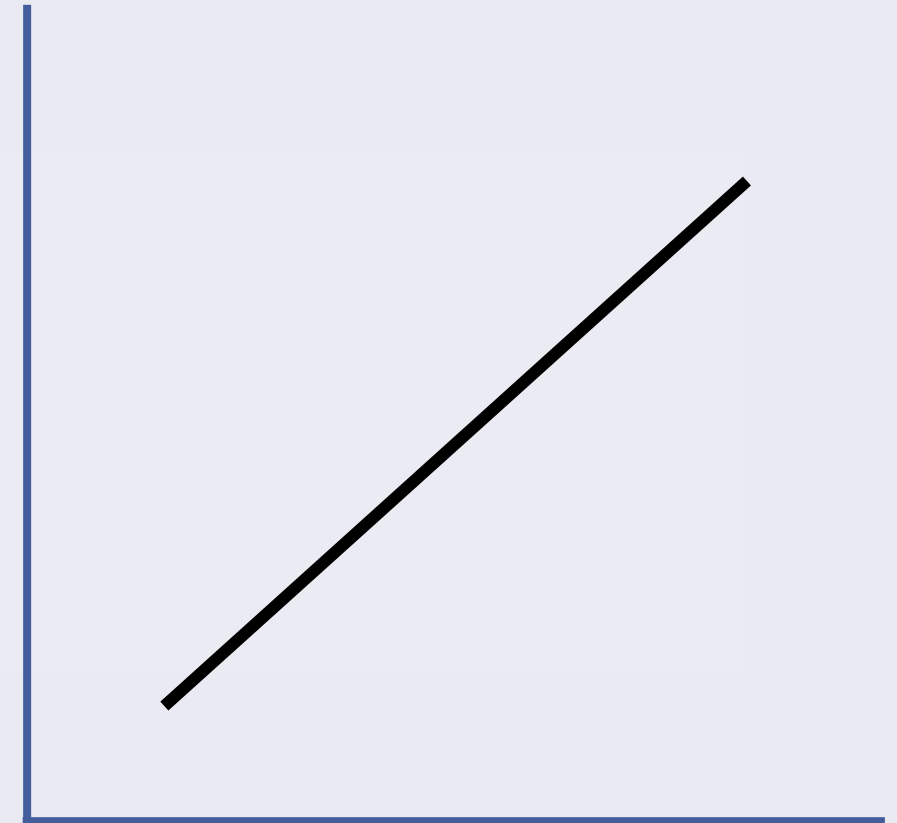


- 63 hosts support beetle reproduction
- Avocado
- 20 native to California
- Affected to varying degrees

Phylogenetic Signal in Reproductive Hosts



Disease severity (%)



Alternative host abundance

Landscape Structure



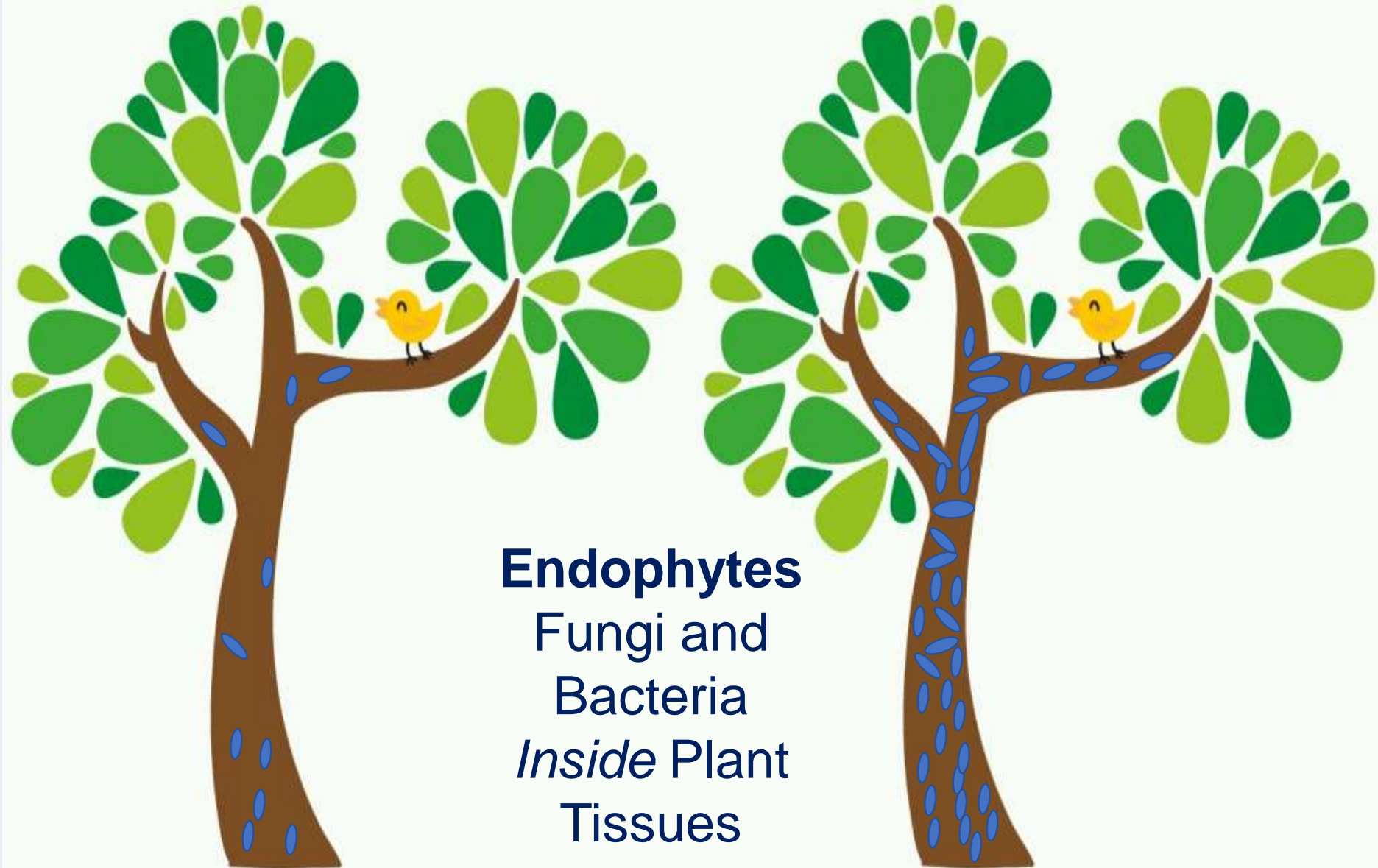
Fusarium-dieback Shot Hole Borers

Predicting risk in heterogeneous landscapes



Host Composition
Host Abundance
Microclimate





Endophytes
Fungi and
Bacteria
Inside Plant
Tissues

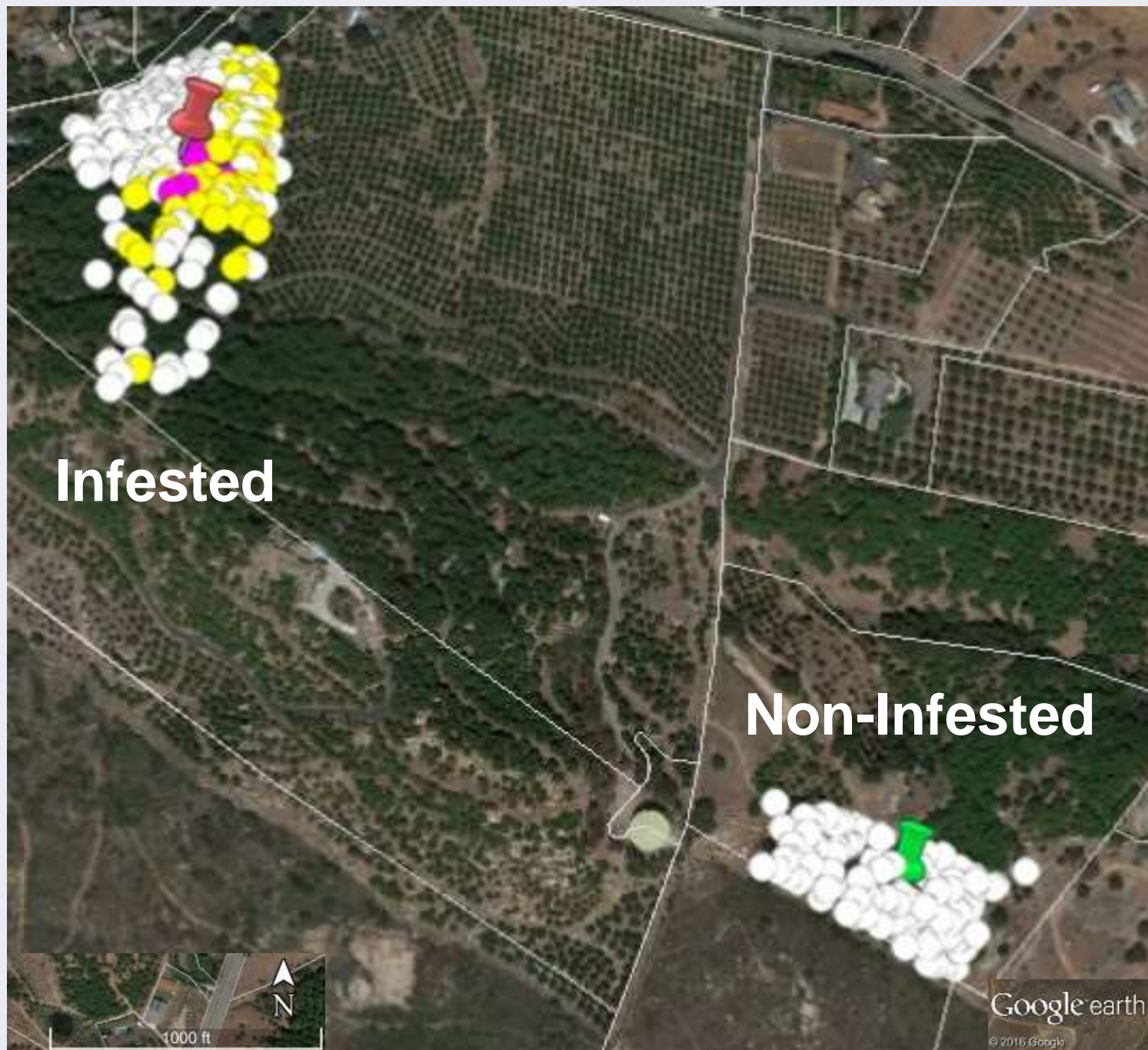
Non-Infested Sycamore in a Disease Hot-Spot



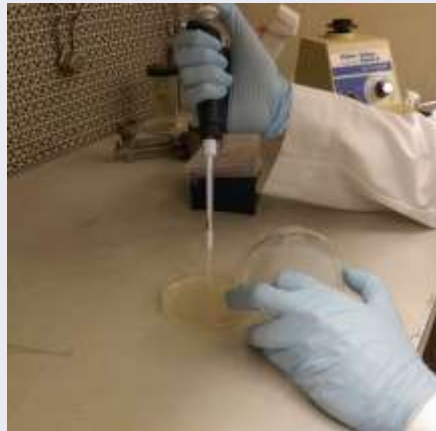
March 2016



November 2016



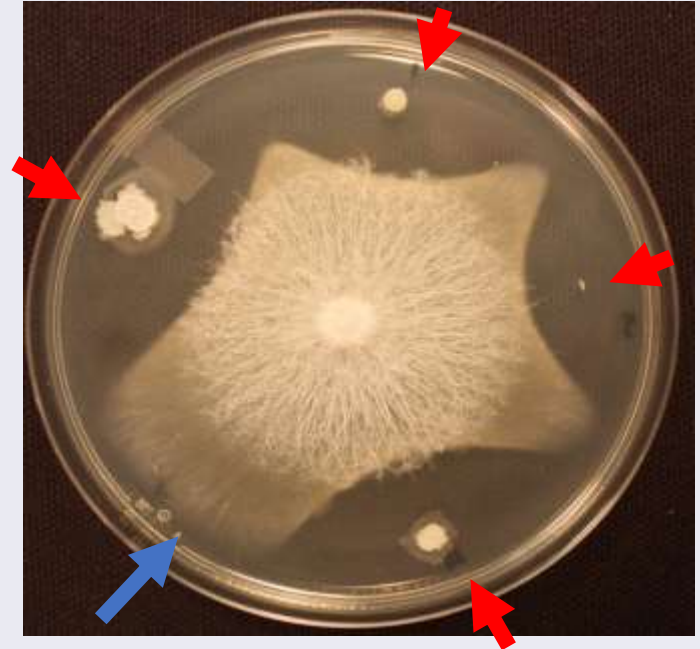
Preliminary Endophyte Screening



In vitro Inhibition Bioassays



Control



Treatment

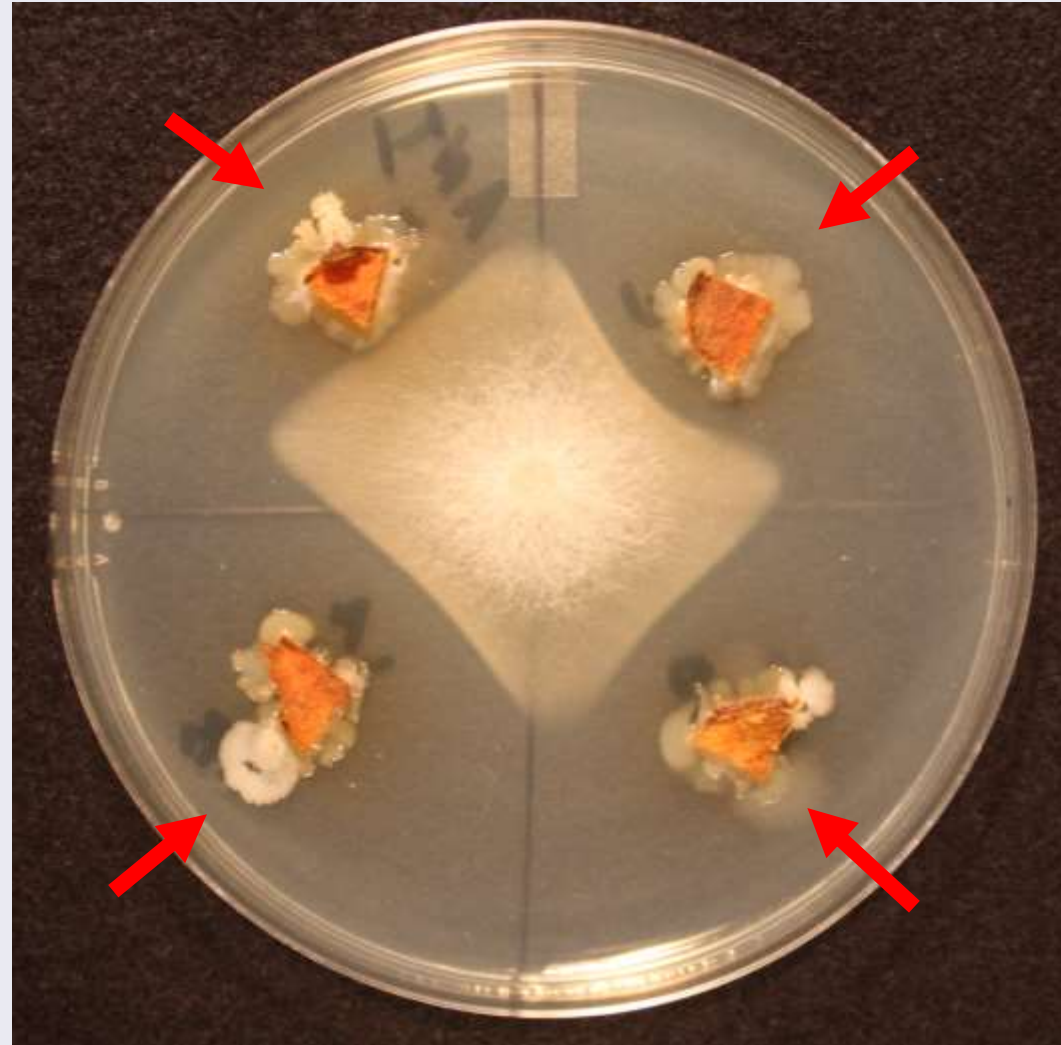


No Inhibition



Inhibition

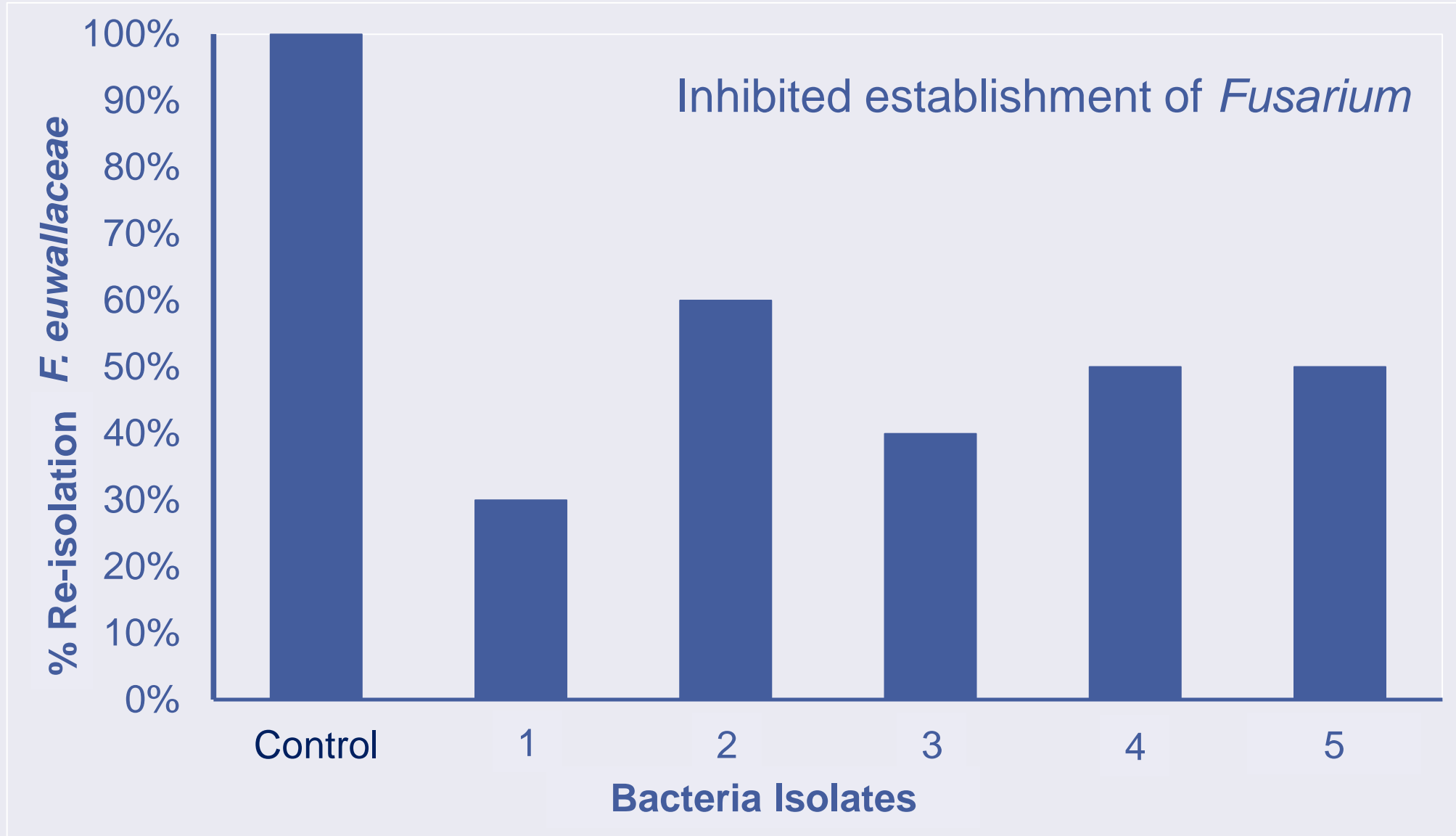
Inhibition Bioassays



In planta

● No Inhibition ● Inhibition

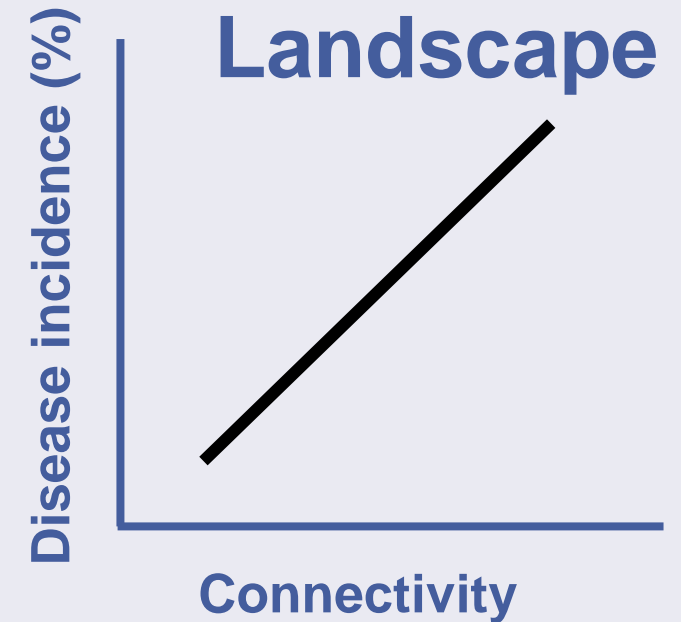
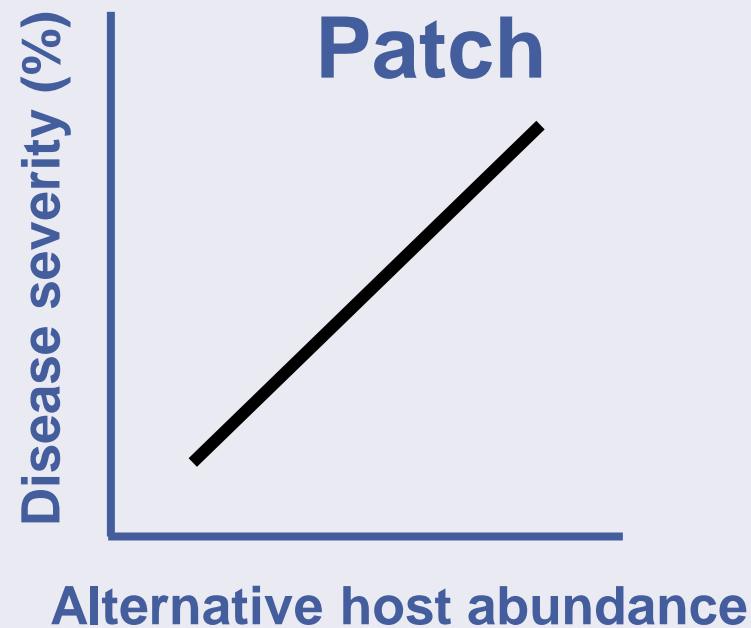
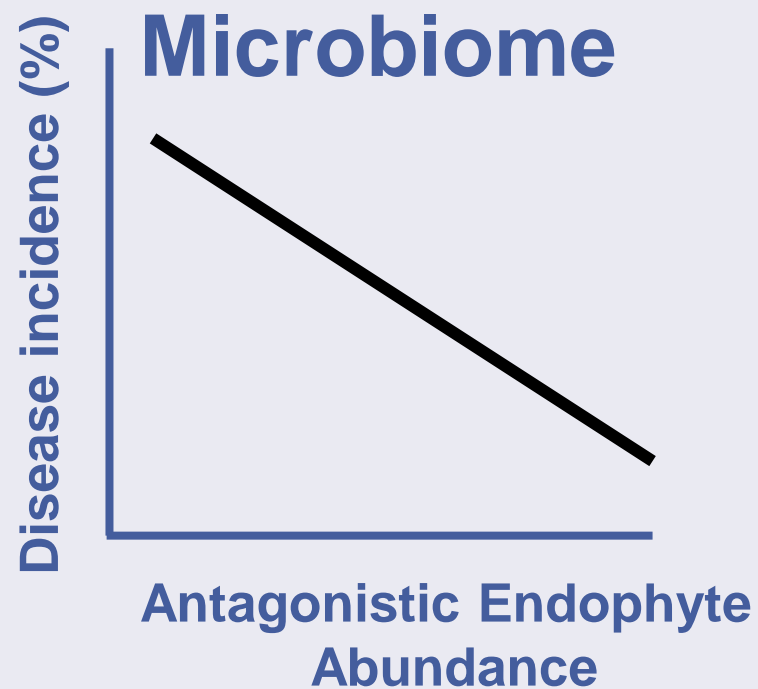
Preliminary Bioassay Results



Endophyte Screening in Native Vegetation



Predicting Disease Establishment and Spread



Predictive Model

$p(pS) \sim \text{microbiome} + \text{phylogenetic} + \text{microclimate} + \text{landscape}$

Predictive Model Use



Control Options



Cultural,
physical/mechanical



Chemical



Biological
Long Term Strategy



Conclusions



- Early detection tools have been developed
- We are assessing the scope of the problem based on:
 - 1) Evolutionary ecology of the fungi and beetles;
 - 2) Microbial communities inside hosts;
 - 3) Environmental conditions;
 - 4) Landscape features.
- Goal: facilitate strategic management decisions

Thank You



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