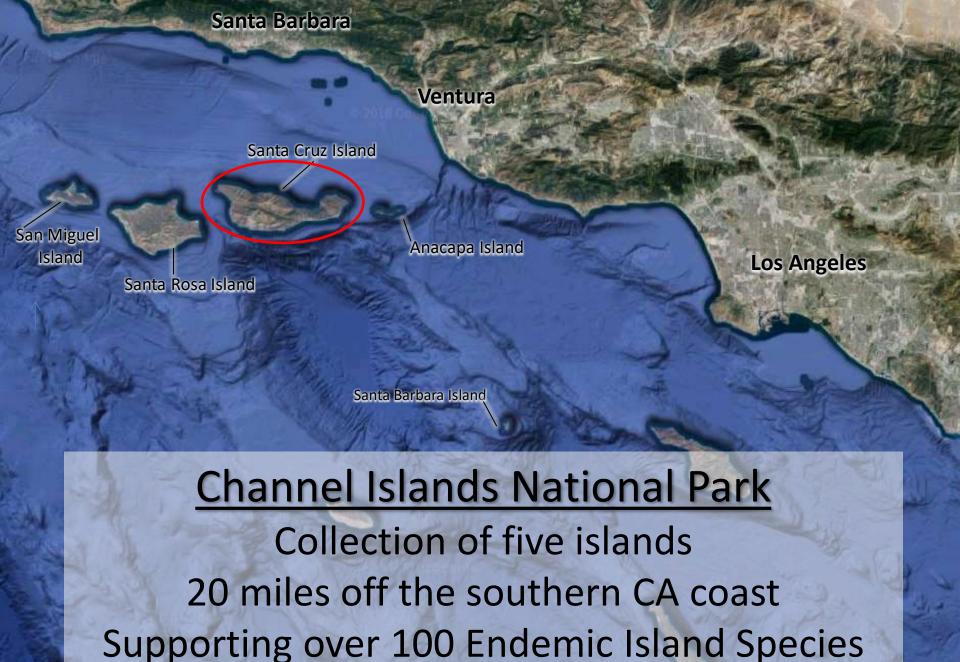
#### **Give Native Plants a Chance:**

Restoring a coastal oak woodland on Santa Cruz Island by removing invasive eucalyptus (*Eucalyptus* spp.)



Paula Power, Clark Cowan, Rocky Rudolph, Derrek Hartman, Joel Wagner, Mike Martin, Laura Kirn, Jade Blennau, and Dirk Rodriguez.





### Santa Cruz Island



Provides 96
square miles of
habitat for
protected,
endemic and
rare species.





Only single island endemic in North America!



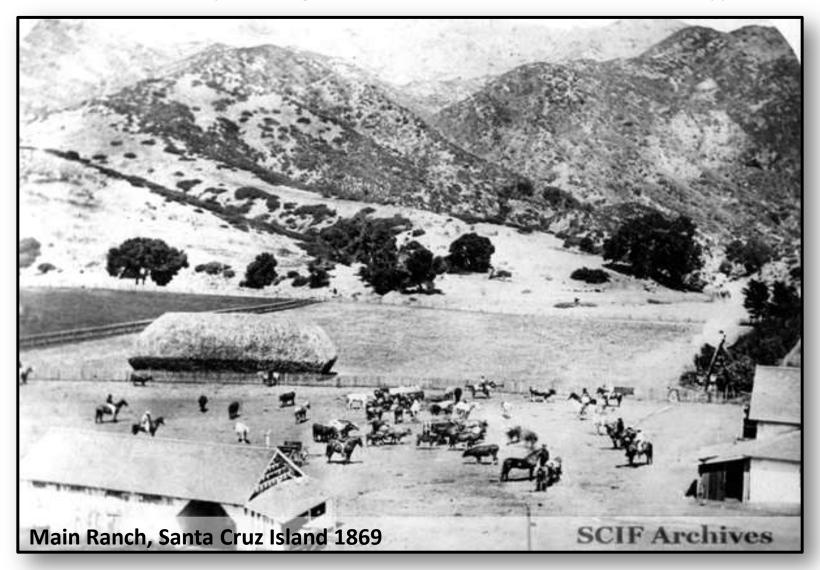






## Ranching Era: 1800's

Drastic landscape changes included the introduction of eucalyptus

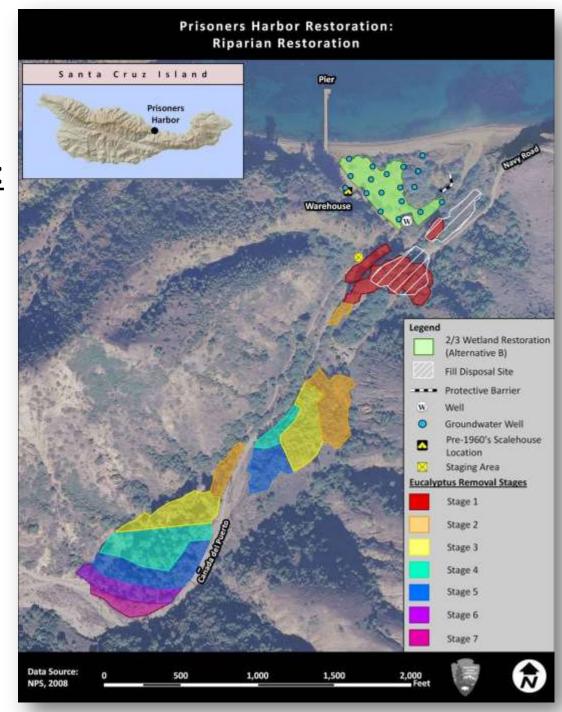


### **Larger Restoration Plan:**

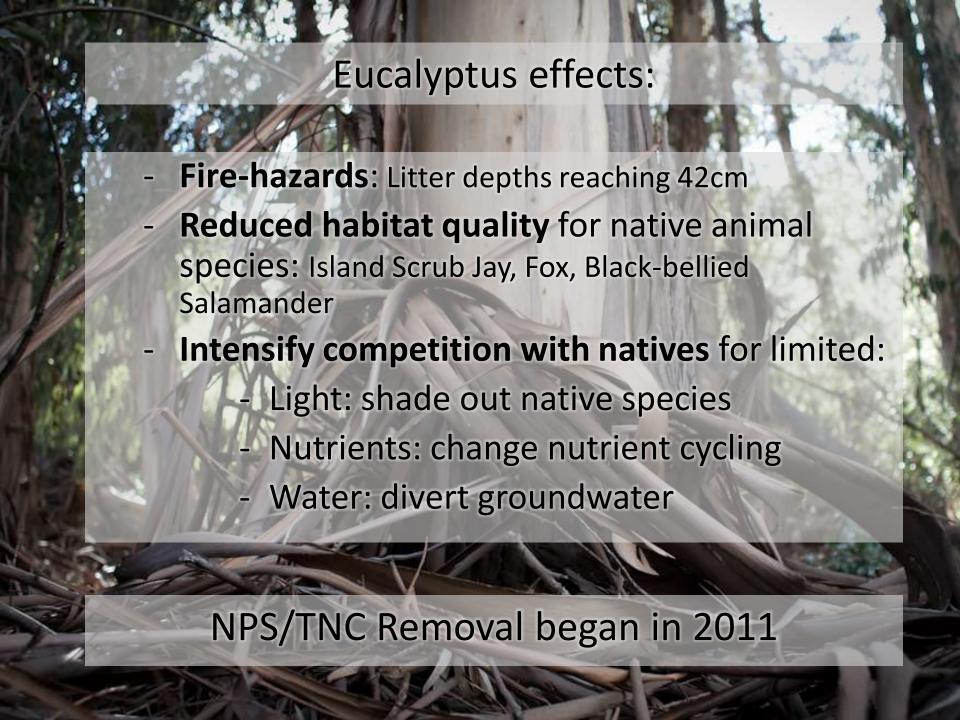
Prisoners Harbor coastal wetland and associated riparian corridor

hydrologically connected

- Environmental impact statement: 2010
- Section 106 consultation with SHPO: 2015











NPS Hotshot Crews at work

## **Active Restoration**



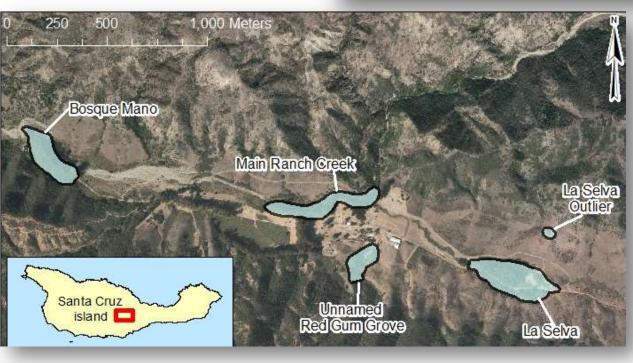






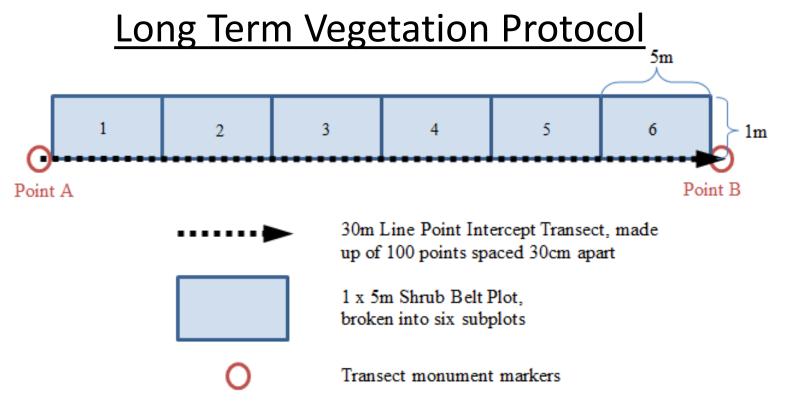
Intact invasive eucalyptus grove at Bosque Mano (t = -1)







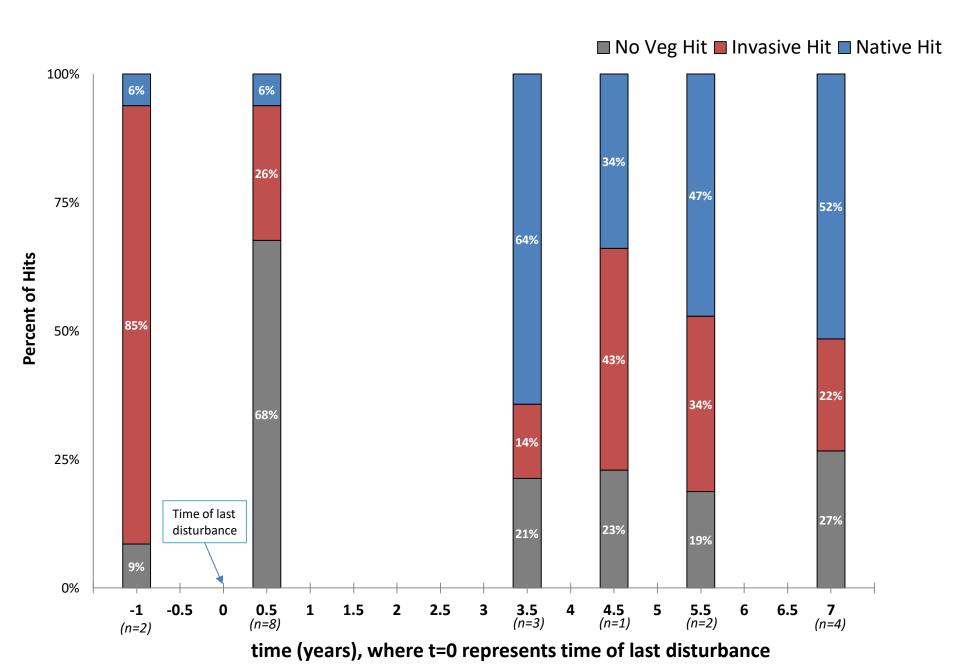
Six months post fire at La Selva (t = 0.5)

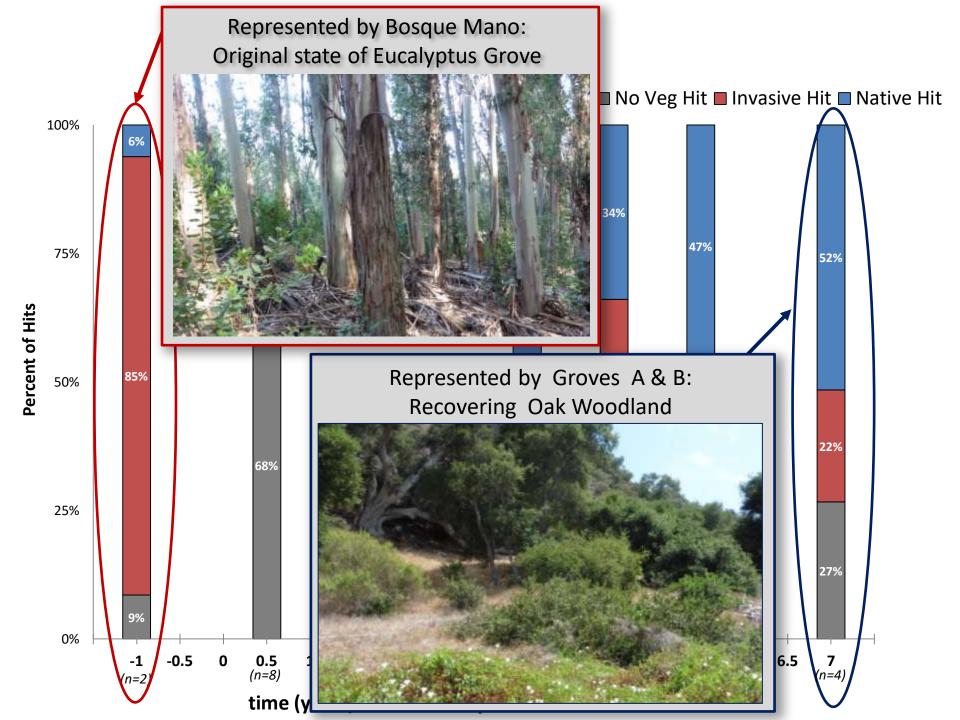


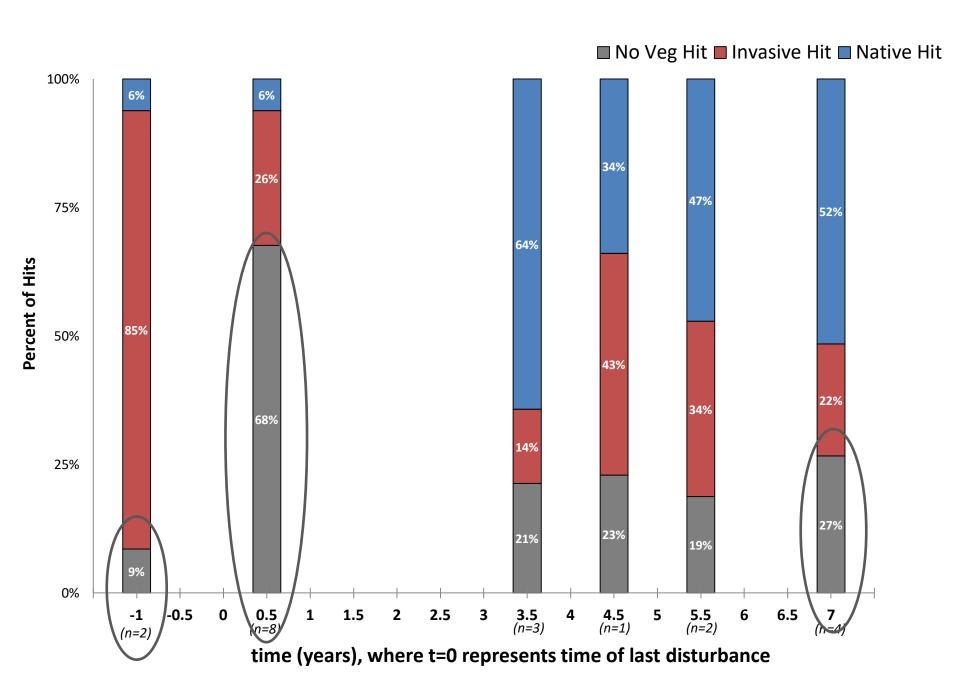
Transect line and shrub belt schematic based off of MEDN monitoring protocol (Tiszler et al, 2016)

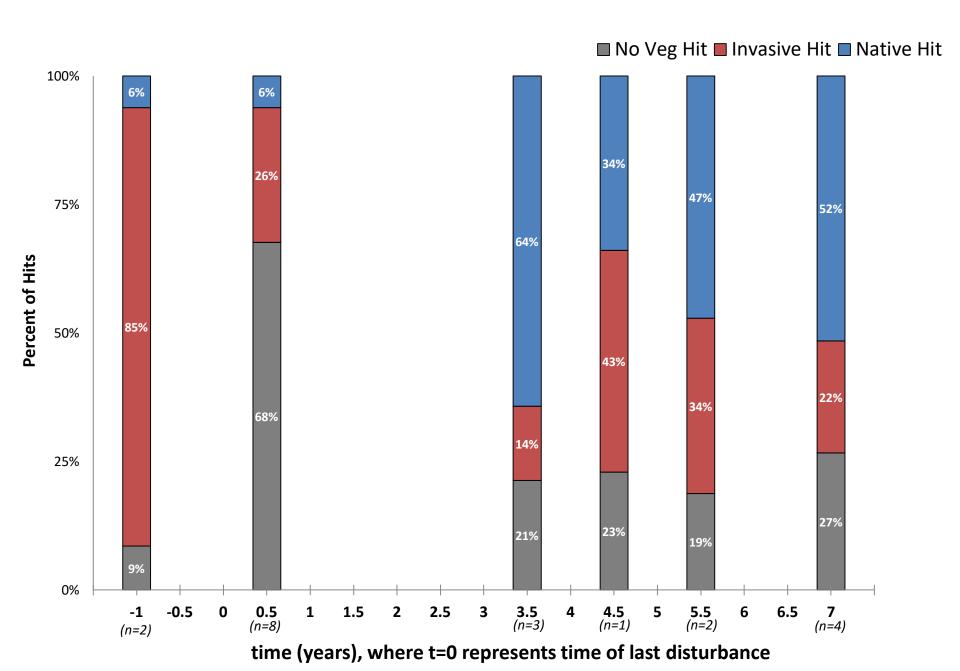
### **Objectives:**

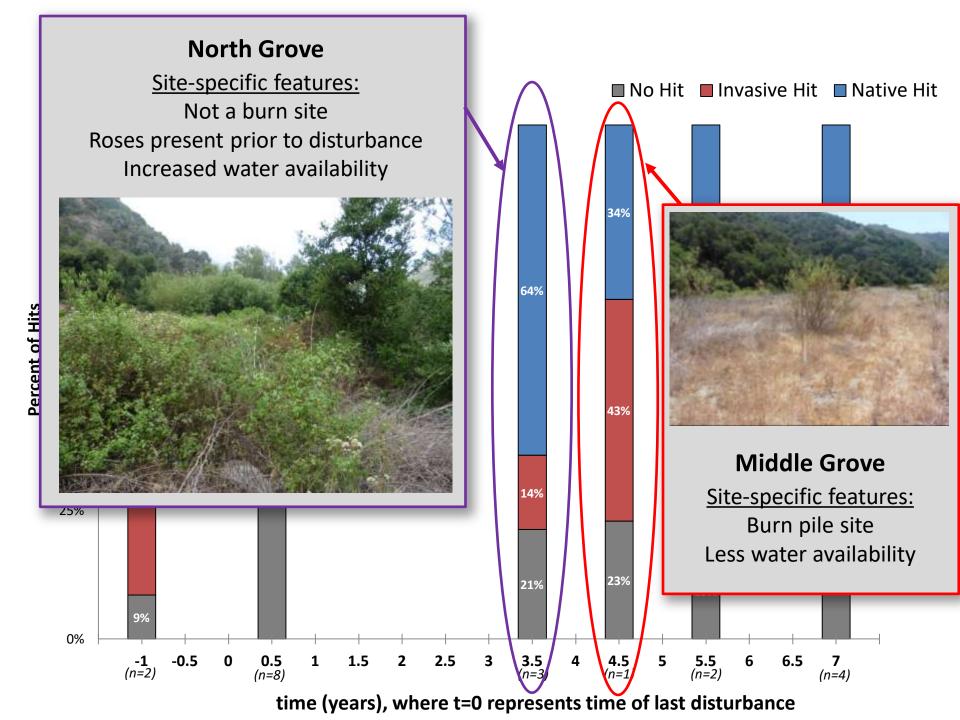
- Organize transect data by assigned time-value in relation to time since last disturbance (t=0)
- Categorize data "hits" as native vegetation, invasive vegetation, or no vegetation hit

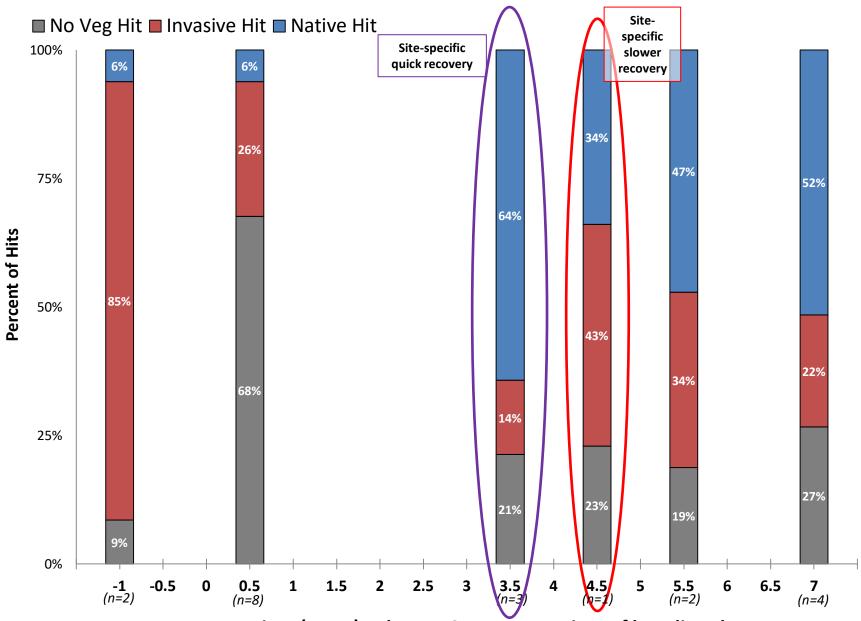












time (years), where t=0 represents time of last disturbance

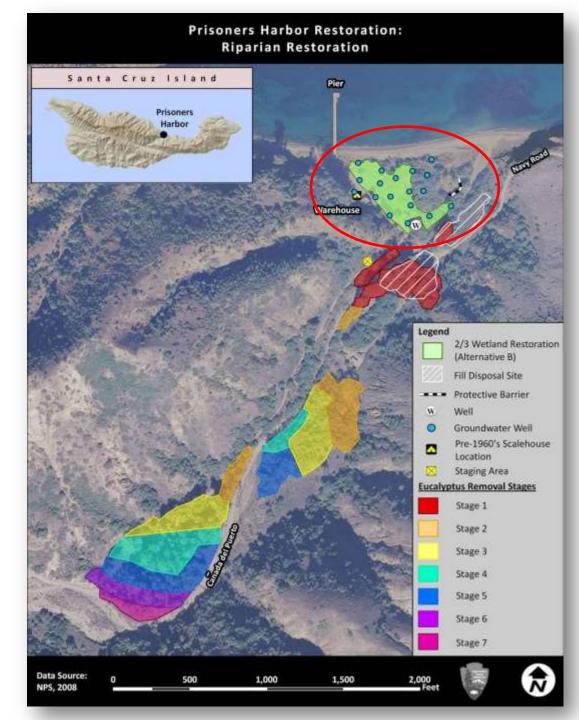


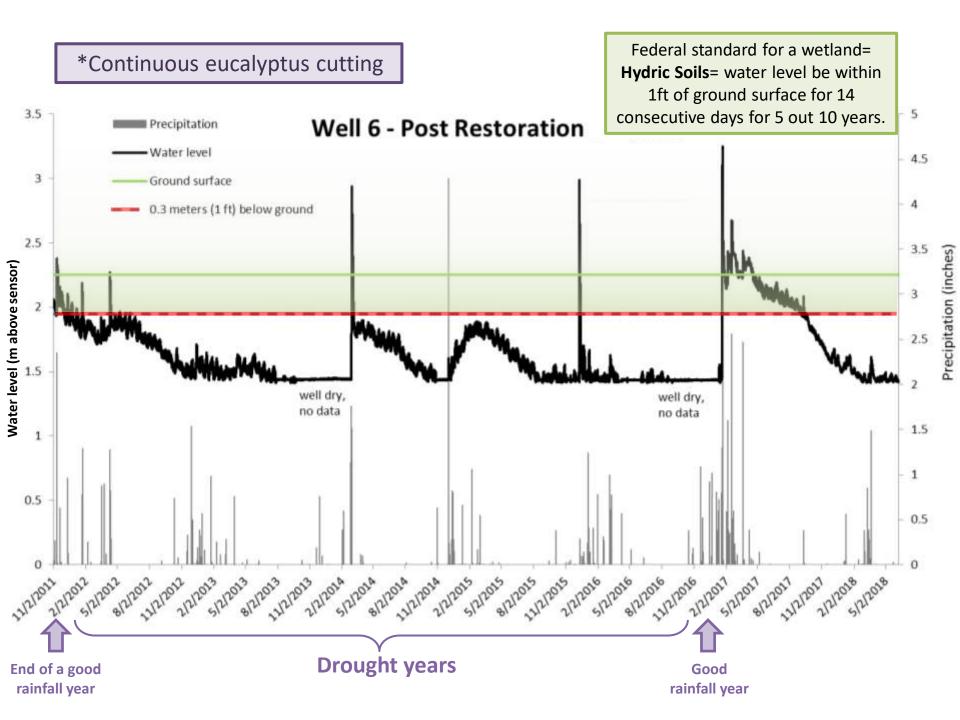
Removal efforts **release native plants from competition** with Eucalyptus for light,
nutrients and <u>water</u>.

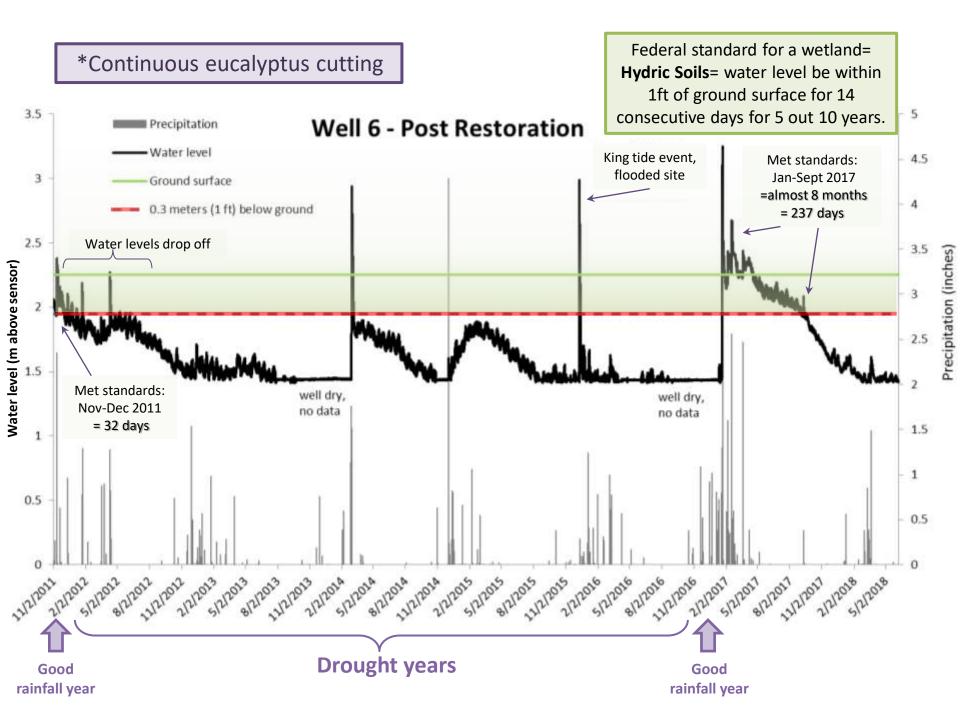
# Preliminary Hydrologic Data

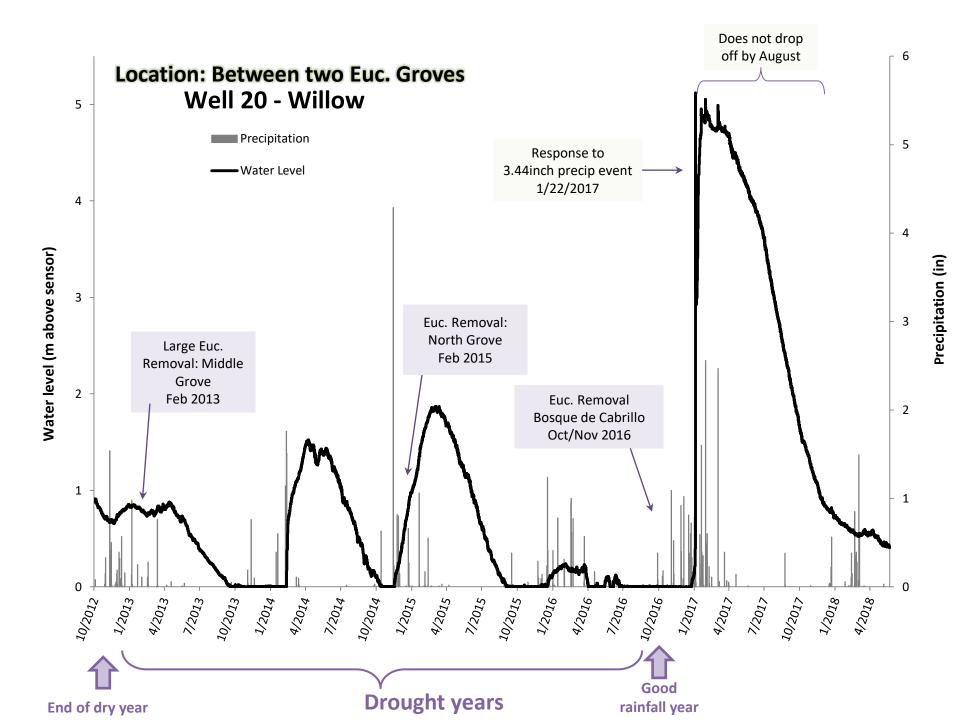
## Groundwater observation wells:

- Installed 18 wells in 2004 **before** the wetland restoration
- Installed 5 wells in 2012 in Canada del Puerto
- Monthly hand reading
- Data recorders in 9 wells









### **Conclusions**

- Eucalyptus groves dominate native vegetation
- Removing Eucalyptus provides opportunity for native plant recovery
- Recovery follows a general path, but there is site specific variation



#### Different community types emerging:

- Thicket forming plants (Roses, sticky baccharis)
- Willows
- Oak woodland

Reflective of healthy Riparian ecosystem

- Continued data collection will provide
  - Better understanding of successional changes following eucalyptus removal
  - Better understanding of the effect of eucalyptus on hydrologic function

### **Acknowledgements**

The Nature Conservancy
Mountains Restoration Trust
Pacific West Region Fire
MEDN Fire
NPS Hotshot Crews
Channel Islands National Park Staff

