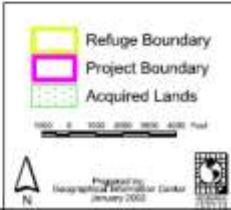
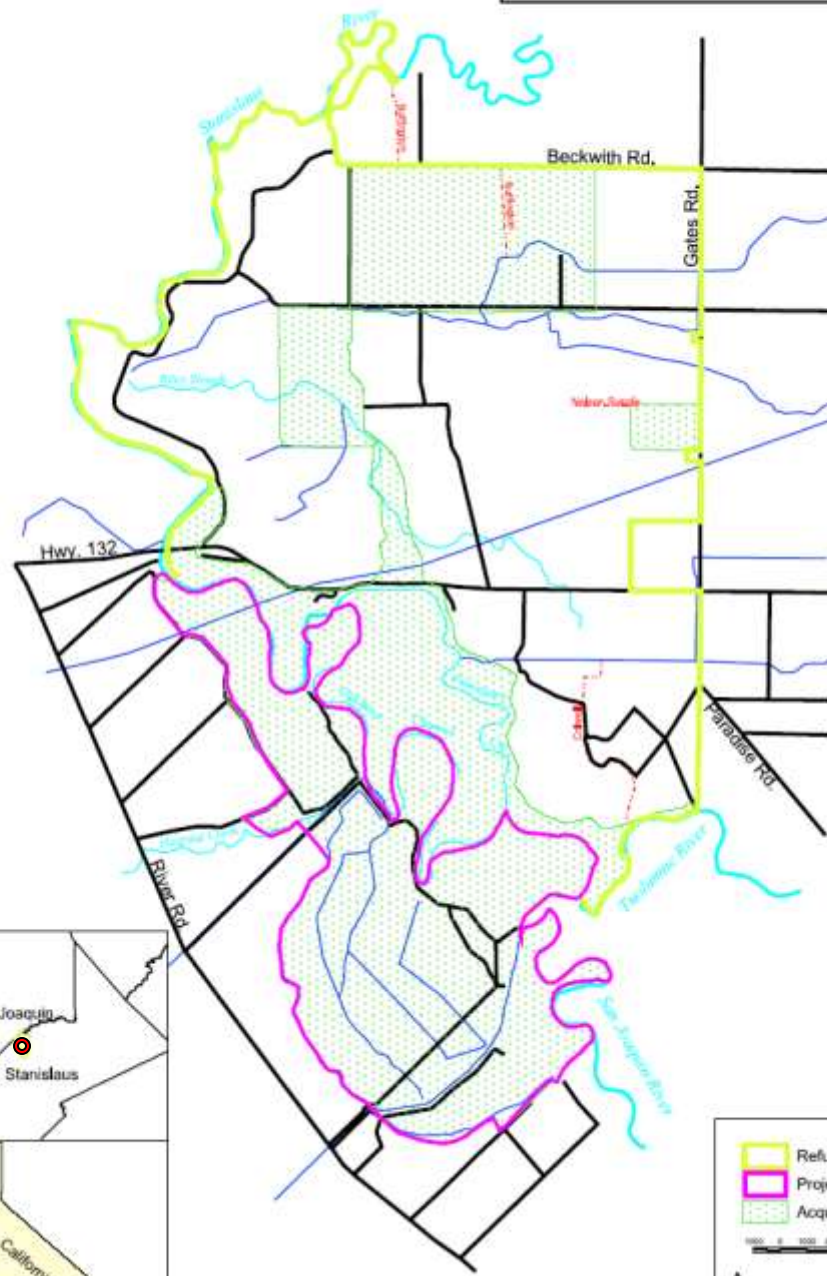


Suppressing Exotic Weeds on Restoration Projects Using an Aggressive Herbaceous Understory

Tamara Sperber and F. Thomas Griggs
River Partners



San Joaquin River NWR West Units









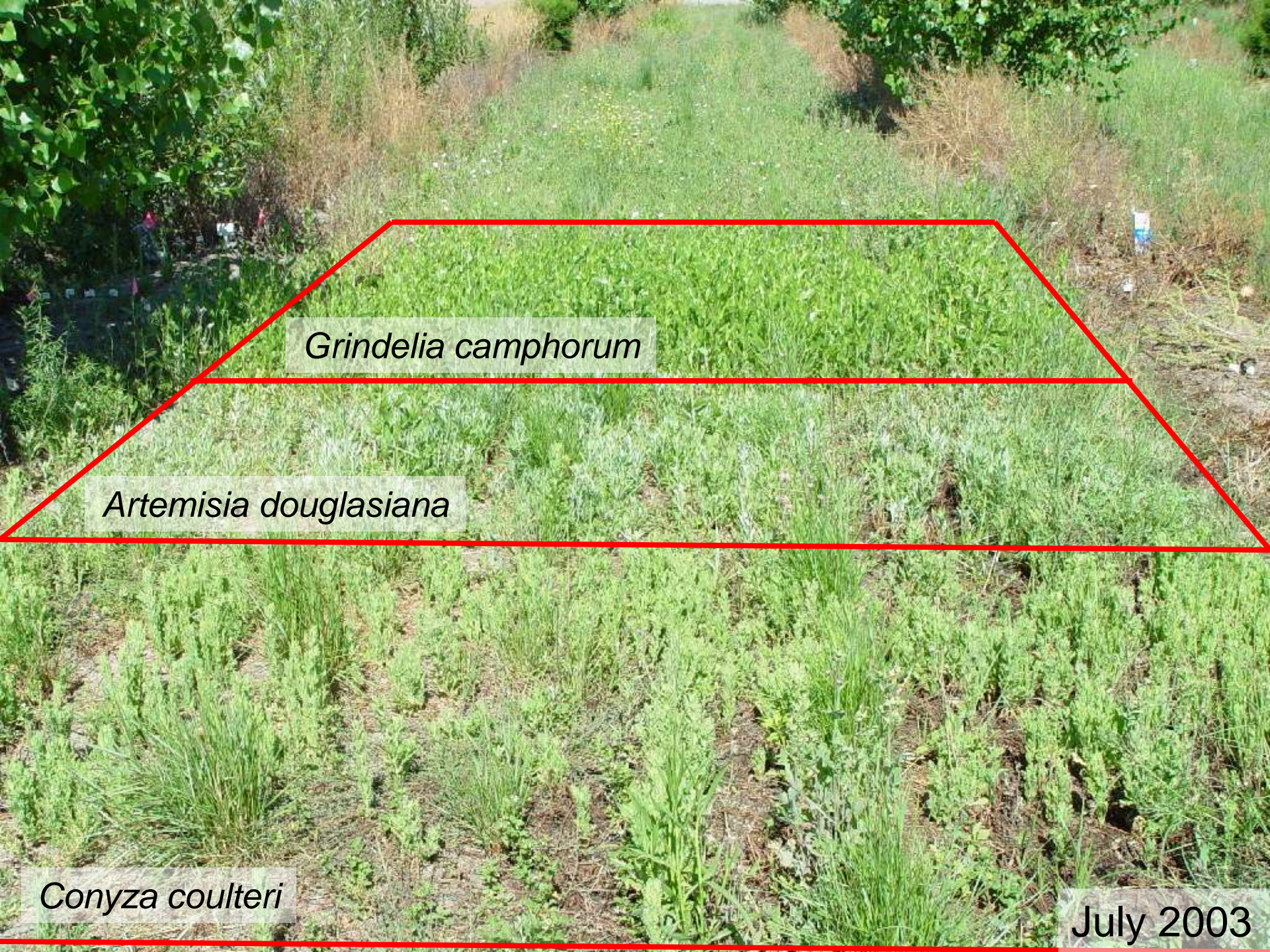




- 1) Can we get them to germinate and grow?
- 2) Will they tolerate our maintenance activities?



January 2003



Grindelia camphorum

Artemisia douglasiana

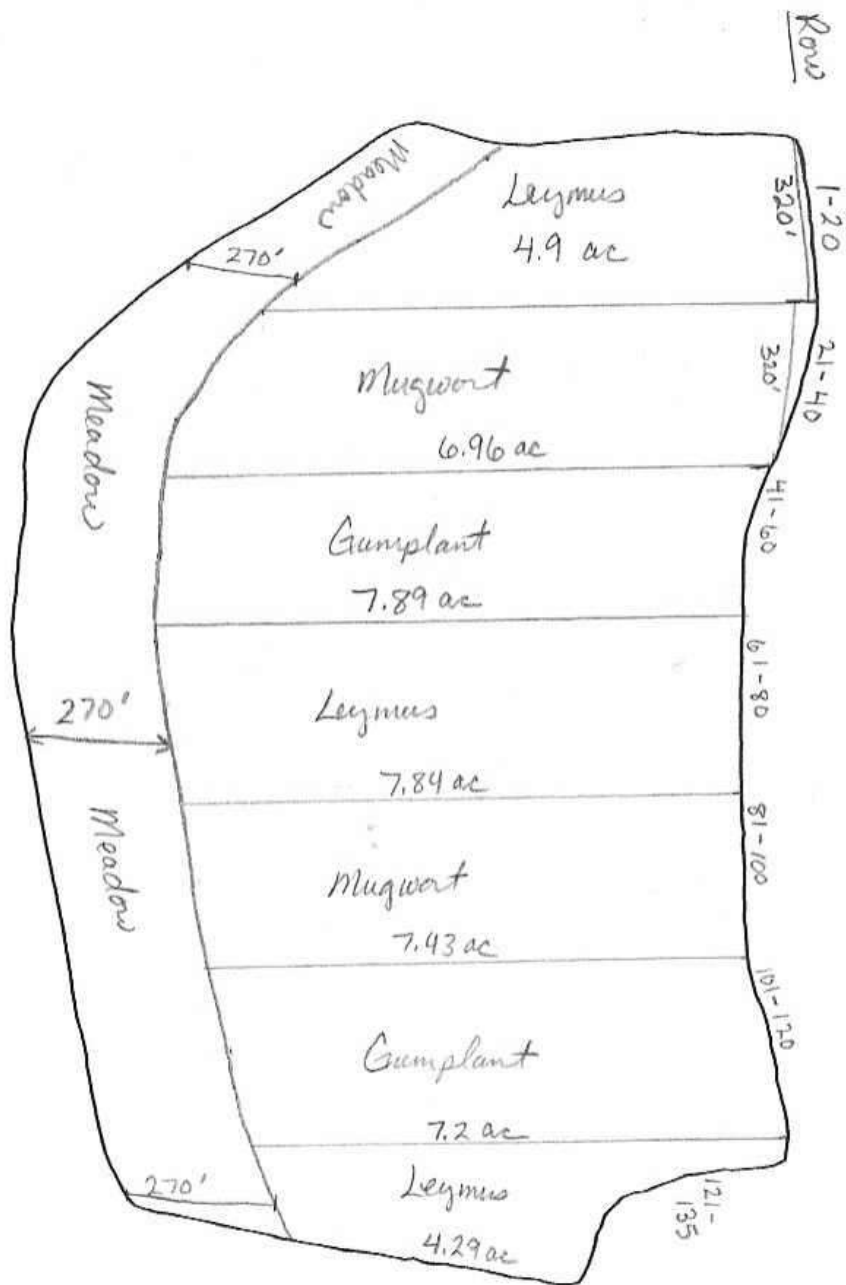
Conyza coulteri

July 2003

Figure 1

San Joaquin River Understory Planting









October 2003





September 2004











March 2004











April 2004









August 2004



August 2004



August 2005



August 2004



August 2005

June 2004



September 2004



September 2005



May 2004



September 2004



September 2005



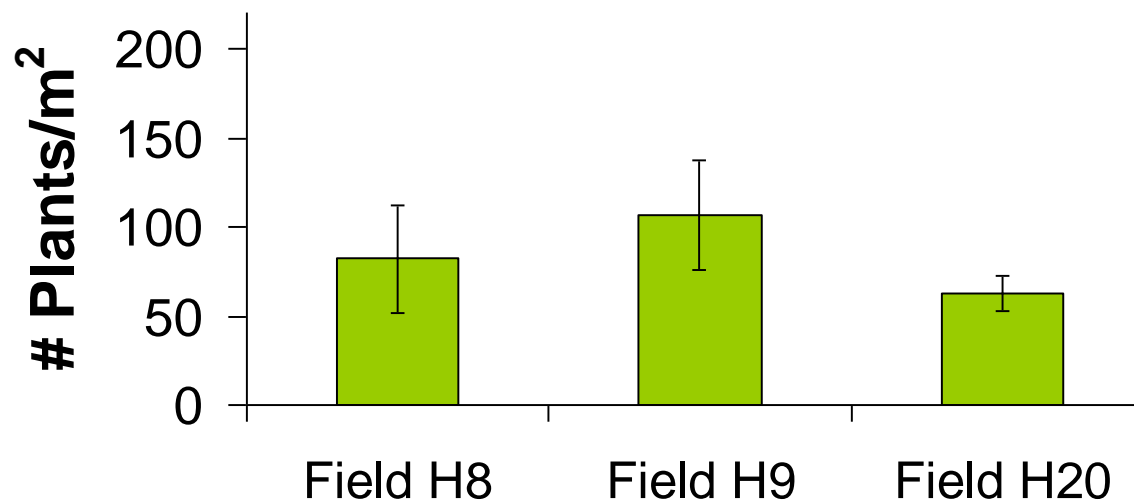
Parting the
Mugwort Sea...

August 2005

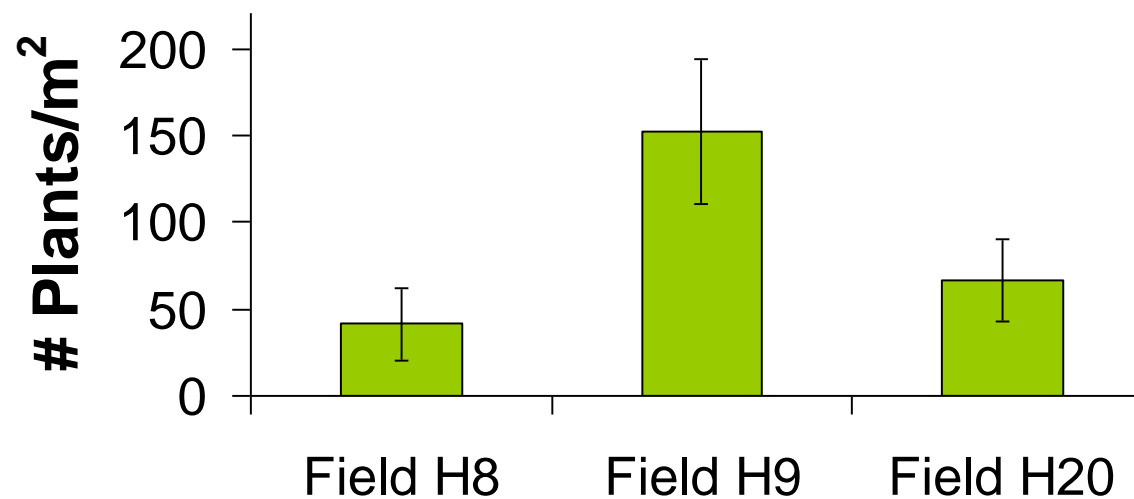




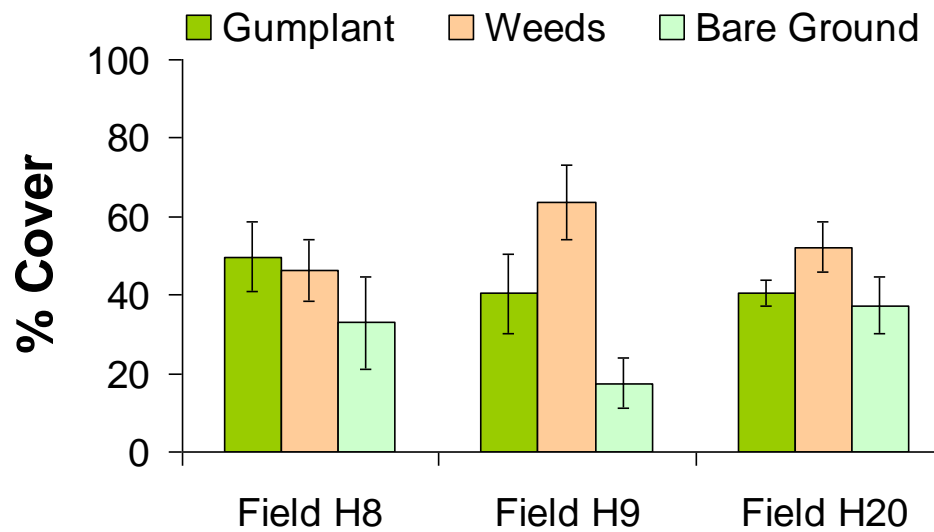
Gumplant Density



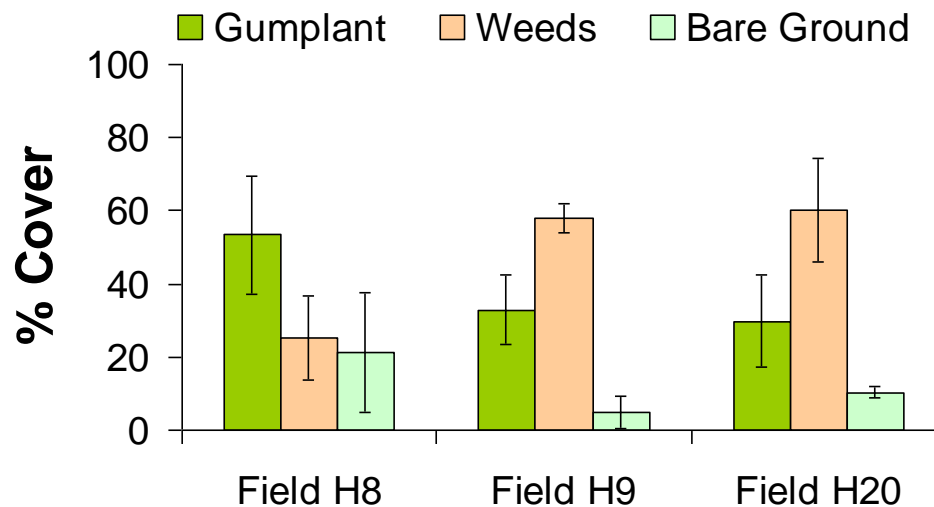
Mugwort Density



Aug 2004



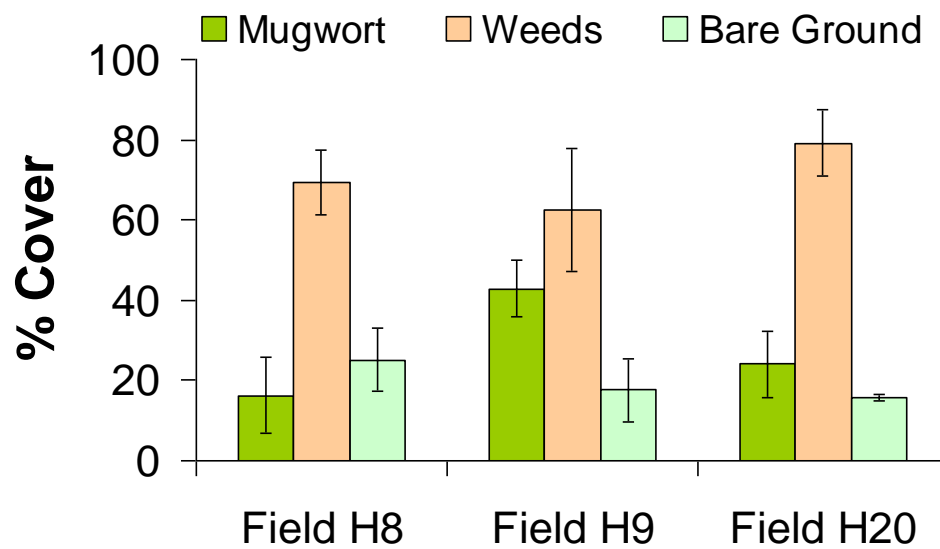
Mar 2005



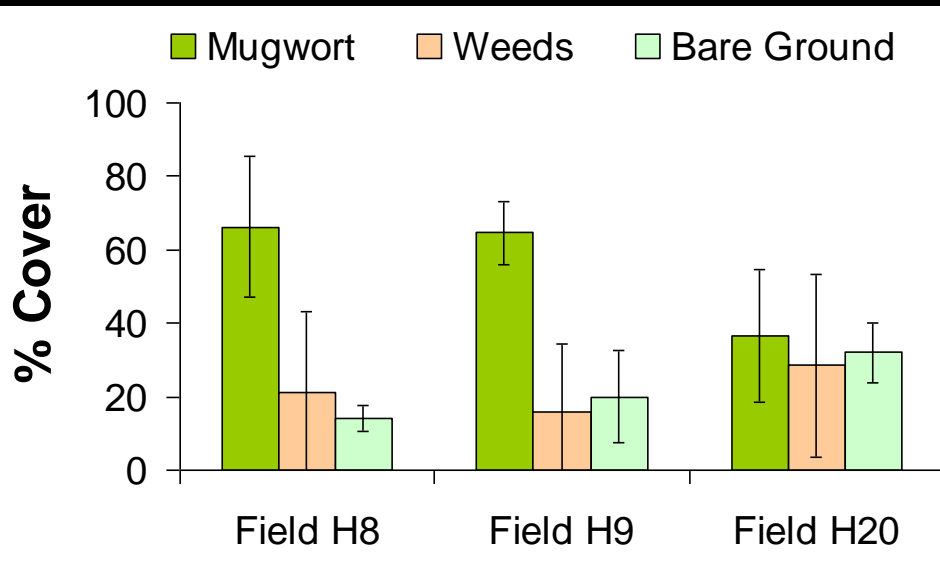
Aug 2005

100% Cover

Aug 2004



Mar 2005



Aug 2005

98% Cover







March 2003



November 2003



March 2005





CONCLUSIONS

1. Rapid-growing native herbaceous species can be managed to replace invasive exotics.
2. Future monitoring for the next 3 to 5 years will describe the long-term effectiveness of these plantings.

