#### **Invasive Plants For Sale!** A survey of nursery professionals



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\* Burt J.W. et al. 2007. Preventing horticultural introductions of invasive plants: potential efficacy of voluntary initiatives. *Biological Invasions* (online first).



### **Background and Rationale**





#### The horticulture trade and invasive plants



- 82% of 235 naturalized woody plant species in US have been used in horticulture and landscaping (Reichard and White 2001)
- Many invasive plants in California wildlands were introduced for horticulture
- 18 of 25 Bay Area wholesale nurseries carried at least one invasive plant (Cal-IPC 2004)



### Some horticultural introductions in California





Genista monspessulana French broom



Cortaderia selloana pampas grass



Carpobrotus chilensis Chilean iceplant



Pennisetum setaceum fountain grass

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Arundo donax giant reed



Sesbania punicea scarlet wisteria



## Strategies for prevention of horticultural introductions

- Government regulations
- Education
  - Nursery Professionals
  - Consumers/Gardening Public
- Voluntary self-regulation





## St. Louis Declaration and Voluntary Codes of Conduct



- Nationwide initiative created by a diverse group of stakeholders in 2001-2002
- Established Codes of Conduct for nursery professionals, government, the gardening public, landscape architects, and botanic gardens
- Since endorsed by many National and State Trade Associations (most recently by CANGC)

#### Many similar regional efforts

• e.g., efforts in Florida, North Carolina, Massachusetts, and in California (Cal-HIP partnership and Plant Right campaign)



### Factors that may affect participation in preventive measures







### What we found (in a nutshell)

- High awareness of invasive plants and acceptance of responsibility as a trade
- Low awareness of St. Louis Codes of Conduct
- Moderate reported participation in preventive measures, high reported willingness
- Incentives and obstacles to prevention
- Factors significantly correlated with participation in prevention



# Nursery professionals' awareness of invasive plants is high

- All surveyed had heard of invasive species
- 93% agreed that "invasive plants are an important environmental concern"
- 89% agreed that "invasive plants have a negative impact on native plants and animals"



## Nursery professionals assign high responsibility to the horticulture trade

- 81% agreed that "nurseries sell invasive plants or plants that may become invasive"
- 82% agreed that "the horticulture trade plays a role in the introduction of invasive plants"



## Nursery professionals assign high responsibility to the horticulture trade





#### Awareness of St. Louis Voluntary Codes of Conduct is low

- Only 7% surveyed had heard of Codes
- 52% reported that learning of Codes made them more likely to participate in the preventive measures outlined in the initiative



Participation in preventive measures is moderate, willingness high

- Average respondent reported having participated in 2.4 (of 7) preventive measures
- Average respondent reported **willingness to participate** in 4.6 (of 7) preventive measures
- Nearly all (98%) respondents reported willingness to engage in at least one preventive measure



### Participation and willingness to participate



#### **#7: Encourage customers to use non-invasive plants**



### Participation and willingness to participate



**#5: Breed alternatives to invasive plants** 



### Participation and willingness to participate



#6: Phase out sales of known invasive plants



#### Factors correlated with participation



- Respondents with higher awareness of invasive plants reported significantly higher participation in preventive measures
- Respondents reporting greater involvement in trade associations also reported significantly higher participation levels



#### **Incentives and Obstacles**

Top incentives (environmental awareness):

- Concern for the environment (89%)
- Cultivating a "green" business image (74%)
- Consumer demand (69%)



- Top obstacles (practical issues):
  - Lack of information (65%)
  - Limited personnel (59%)
  - Too time-consuming (57%)



### Conclusions



- You, too, can help prevent invasive plant introductions!
- Many people working within the trade appear receptive to adopting preventive practices
- Increasing outreach to nursery professionals (regarding prevention) can make a difference
- Scientists, practitioners, and consumers can help by providing clear and accessible information to nursery professionals on alternative plants and voluntary Codes



#### Acknowledgements

**NSF Biological Invasions IGERT** Program **Ted Grosholz Carole Hom Teresa Sabol Spezio** Mark Lubell **Neil Willits Kevin Rice Truman Young Sharon Strauss Rick Grosberg** 

**Doug Johnson Steve Schoenig** John Randall Sarah Connick Sarah Reichard **Terri Kempton Brendon Larson** Terri Williamson Kari Norgaard **Beth Leger** Survey participants



#### For more information...



Burt, J.W., A.A. Muir, J. Piovia-Scott, K.E. Veblen, A.L. Chang, J.D. Grossman, and H.W. Weiskel. 2007. Preventing horticultural introductions of invasive plants: potential efficacy of voluntary initiatives. *Biological Invasions* (online first) (Google "preventing horticultural introductions", or email jwburt@ucdavis.edu to get pdf)

St. Louis Voluntary Codes of Conduct www.centerforplantconservation.org/invasives/codesN.html

Plant Right campaign (Cal-HIP)

www.plantright.org

Cal-IPC Don't Plant a Pest Information www.cal-ipc.org/landscaping/dpp/index.php

TNC Global Invasive Species Initiative - Keeping Horticulture Green http://tncweeds.ucdavis.edu/horticulture.html