# No Weed Left Behind: A GPS method for conducting a complete weed inventory

Rachel A. Hutchinson<sup>1</sup>
Ingrid B. Hogle<sup>2</sup>
Joshua H. Viers<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Information Center for the Environment, Dept. of Environmental Science and Policy, UC Davis
<sup>2</sup>Invasive Spartina Project

rahutchinson@ucdavis.edu

#### Like the No Child Left Behind Act

We believe in early detection of weed occurrences.

We believe that every individual weed counts.

And that is why we inventory...



#### Weed Mapping and Monitoring

Photo By: Joseph M. Di Tomaso

- Why Inventory?
  - The most effective and comprehensive way to obtain:
    - "presence data"- where weeds are
    - "absence data"- where weeds are absent
  - Central to implementing an early detection rapid response program

#### The Role of GPS/GIS

Completeness in surveys

Maintaining year to year continuity in a management program

Identifying priorities for control and future management

## Inventory Tools

Low-tech: A good hardcopy map, a sharpie and a filing system!

► High-tech: Mobile Global Positioning System (GPS) technology incorporated with GIS.



## **Inventory Tools**

We use both recreational and survey grade GPS

- ► Garmin Rino 120 is a recreation grade GPS unit with built in radios (walkie talkies) with variable accuracy (<10m)
- ► Trimble ProXT (<1m accuracy)





http://www.trimble.com

http://www.garmin.com

# Cosumnes River Preserve Perennial Pepperweed Control Project

Four year inventory of *Lepidium latifolium* (Perennial Pepperweed) at the Cosumnes River Preserve.

Adaptive management experiment to control Lepidium latifolium

## Inventory Methods: The Field

The Inventory includes

- Full inventory sweeps across our study area

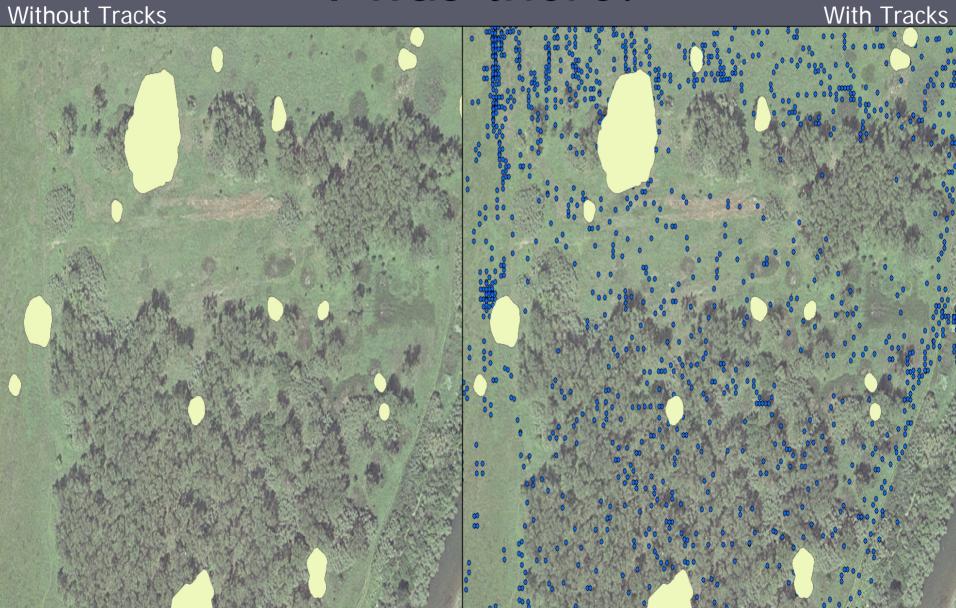
Returning to and tracking pepperweed occurrences found in previous years

#### GIS Methods: The Office

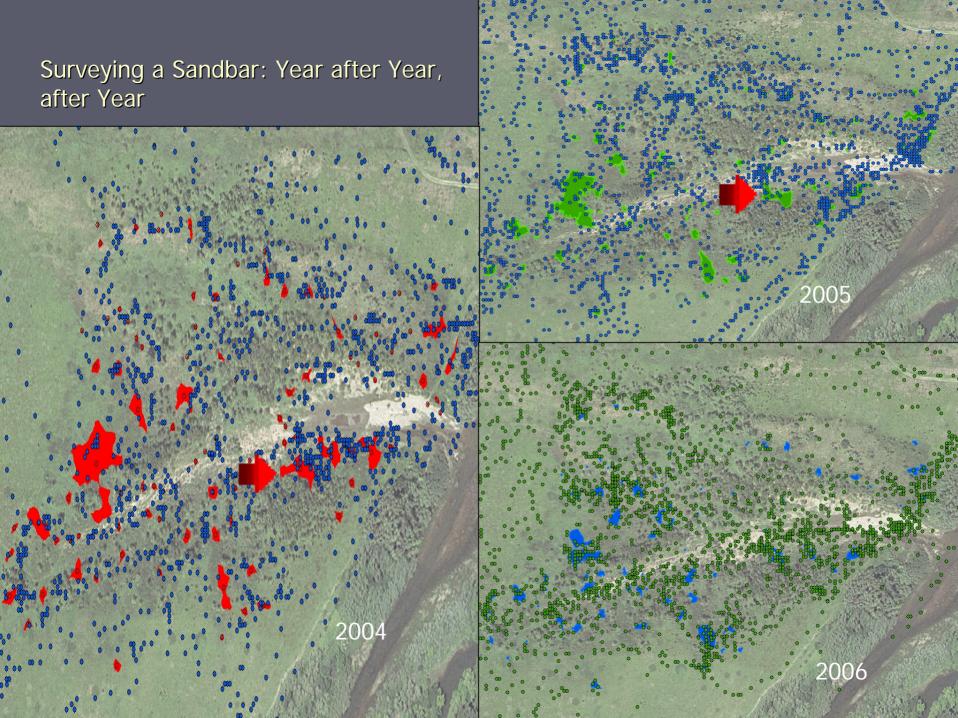
- Tracks from Garmin Rinos are uploaded into ArcMap
  - Can track day to day coverage
  - Tracks prioritize future survey activities
- ► Hawth's Analysis Tools (Its FREE!)
  - Helps to visualize total areas surveyed.

(http://www.spatialecology.com/htools/index.php)

### I was there!

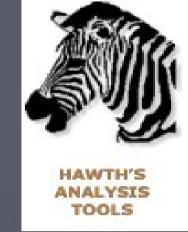






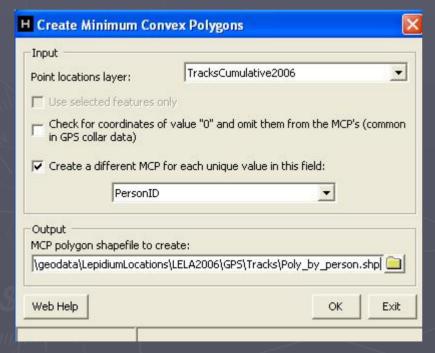
#### We're animals too

- ► Hawth's Animal Movement Tools
  - Create Minimum Convex Polygons by
    - **Person**
    - **Date**
    - **Site**
    - Species
      - Multiple polygons can be created by unique values from only one field



# Area surveyed

•These polygons were created by creating a different MCP for each unique value in the field "PersonID" contained in the attribute table of the shapefile "TracksCumulative2006"







#### Problems with GIS methods

- ➤ Tracks can exaggerate area surveyed if surveyor is not careful to turn off tracks when they have stopped surveying.
- Minimum Convex Polygons are useful on a day to day basis
  - Large scale: true area inventoried becomes fuzzy

## Sharing your shapefiles

Using GPS and GIS methods for a survey allows you to easily share information.

 A complete GPS survey means you can give accurate presence and absence data to anyone willing to pull some weeds!

#### Questions?

- Hawths Analysis Tools: <a href="http://www.spatialecology.com/htools/index.php">http://www.spatialecology.com/htools/index.php</a>
- California Department of Food and Agriculture. California Weed Mapping Handbook. 2002. <a href="http://cain.nbii.org/weedhandbook/CalifWeedMappingHandbook.pdf">http://cain.nbii.org/weedhandbook/CalifWeedMappingHandbook.pdf</a>

Acknowledgements:

We would like to thank our student assistants, without whom we could not have accomplished much: Andy Holquin, Elizabeth Lee, Whitney Miller, and Ann Jacobs.

We would like to thank the staff at the Cosumnes River Preserve, particularly our TNC partners: Becky Waegell, Jennifer Buck, and Jaymee Marty.

Lastly, we would like to thank the California Bay-Delta (Grant #ERP-02D-P66), which has allowed us to present this information to you today.